# ANNUAL REPORTS FOR YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK



ANNUAL REPORT

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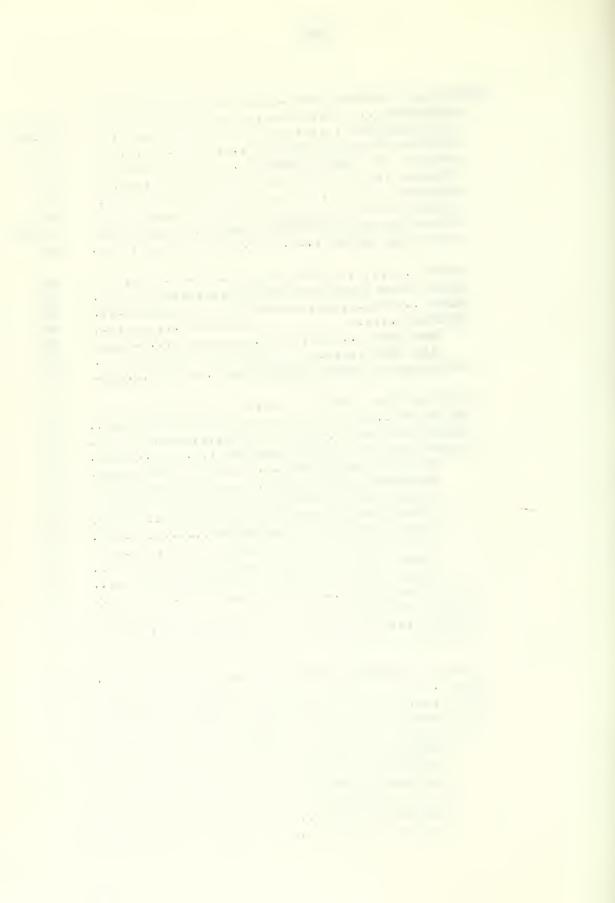
YELLO STOLE NATIONAL PARK

1919



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er in:

The Wellers one Thick Seroing In range has Whimlished the rissing data recording meals and holdings surved during the paut s ason, with the tanted for my annual report. Please complete the permitted, o mage 27, which follows the purgraph tring real; and lowings at totals, so it will read as follows:

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Perk for 1913 recently transmitted to you, it is requested that the nere of Tickers V. Demison, Dubois, youing, including the nere of Complete report not yet substitute.) The stricken out transmitted to of the or tier holding northly compined antly likewise.

Upon investing it is found that in, emison of the tring of the park with a mark train only a party of friends the or not navia his for the trin, and the four he is not subject to party. He is not subject to party.

The second of the rest of the reserve.

Cordiall rours,

Hor ce . l'rit,

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Terr ir:

Upon a careful remading of the armed robot for Wollowstone
Fart, I find that the following connections are necessary:

rank, the word"rancer" should be charged to "them".

fore the left paragraph of the page:

The must be 1919, 1,275 therists entered the mark, the createst number entering in any one day in the history of the Yellowstone. The greatest number of private automobiles entering in one day was 202 on august 4, 1919."

On page 3 the number of reals and lodgings so wer in purpose to during the summer is still to be supplied. Or so, reason or other tra-commit columns has not been able to expedite the compilation of its statistics, to see that it is to the firmes we require for this table. The firmes we require for this table.

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forming, '-vin increase from a 'co' or 'l mi als sure set in 1900. Timety colves were born in it is bur. Five o' two, 'we ever, we kill I recently while the 'and the being vectories, lower but of live at the special time, of which 10 are sales. Thirt of these bulls were contrated."

"The following data relative to the buffalo clives were commiled on October 15, 1919:

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On page 100, in recommendation to. 11, the more "dilection" should be corrected.

Refer inc to the late regardin Checier Lational Lark asembled for your report, please chance the number of ecros in the Two Ledicine district that was braned over in the bir Fire from 5.0 to 3,000.

Cordinally yours,

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weriston out.

To fine Date ervice, ashing ton, D. J.

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Horres M. Albricht, Superintendent, Chester L. Lindsley, ssistant upprinted e.t, Yellowstone P. E. Jonie .

### CLE TIE I. I'm I'm

The Yellowsione Tational Park was reserved from the explication of set of Congress approved Marchi, 1971, and delicated as a pleasuring. Tound for the bonefit and enjoy and of the bear of the mark was situated in a vist ro for which he been divided into a few territories and practically all of the was entraced within the great Louisians Burchase area. Then these territories were finally changed to states and the surveys were made of these new commonwealths, it was found that while the park was mincipally in Lyoning, it extended more than the miles into Toutana on the north and shoot two miles into Internal and Idaho on the west.

chart (? miles in length and north and south boundaries of its long. The to I created the state of 1,772,960 created that of 1,792,960 created the of 1,792,960 1,792,960 created the of 1,792,960 created the 1,792,960

<sup>1/ 100. 27/ 01 2/75, ..... 17 4 1., 2.</sup> 



the largest and in the world, being exceeded in area only by Jraper Mation 1 Park of the Polinion of Canada.

The l'itude of the park is 6,000 to 11,000 feet.

The boundaries of the tark have never been changed since they are first established in 1872. However, it is proposed not to extend the mark lines to include the Teton Countains, the head-maters of the Velloustone liver, the valley of Pacific Greak, and the country north of the Buffalo Tork of the make, taking in an area of a proximately 1,2/5 square siles, nost of which now list in a forest real recent to State came or caves. All of this had not with rewn from set he ent on July 2, 1018, in ail of our line heighten.

#### and the second second second second

The fourteen years ofter its est blishent, Telloweters

Maintal Persons identification by civilian unperintendents apprinted by the country of the Interior. Little the exception of
the first superintendent, N.P. Lancford, one of the explorers of
the mark, he served five years without salary or an other
columents, and ithout assistance, these officers were idea by
for scouts.

In the early eighties some versure til detary conditions
connected with the administration of the early are in its in the
connected with the administration of the early are in its in the
connected with the administration of the early are in the



able to came the nak, the interior description is not call for soldiers. It length Con ress refused to appropriate my funds for the protection of the park, and on wrust 20, 1775, the civilian force was finally removed and a detachment of troops assume control of the park, Capt. Moses Harmin became the first military action superintendent.

It as J2 years later, on October J1, 1010, then complete civiliar control of the nert was finally restored. Need its Fort Vellowstone, capable of accomposating four troop; of capable, the will and used by the military force, but revolve ever to its full capacity. The fort and abundant with the withfrest of the troops lest year.

Dring the filitary rule in the park not less than a dozen different officers of the U.S. Gavalry were in charge as acting superintendent, saveral of the making enviable records. Three of the less in charge for periods of six years each. One of the served too terms in this office, about the years apart.

## PROTOCION OF THE LIE.

control of the an erinterlant, the exercises in the city of the area official reserve, common of the control of the area official reserve, common of the city of the control of the city o



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This is the end fine force, but the amborite bere included a chief hard reported four said and chief hard reported for the fourist season a terrorary three of from the to JO park reported is compact to chook automobiles of the values to east, to control traffic on the highest, to reflect the reser, hot saring and other for those, one to fine, or to explan an other sorted vice required.

The remaindered is universal string the torgist source on the string a very striking a more near; it is that, inter, and spring the retrail the torils in that clother, and are were affective in rotation the suit has possing and other transports.

Is preclarly mound of the present ranger force and its or lever at of the past season when the demands upon it were treandous. It was demanstrated be only or adventure of a limit that it is for not combbe of protecting the rate of the relation of the minister forces. These park range was the forces, the combination of the conditions under which the limit of the conditions under which the late of the conditions of t

On the other hand, the set best out has seen as seeing on the for-



with the problets of protecting the reservation. It was also no necessary, even with the problets of protecting the reservation. It was also no necessary, even with a life of forces were here, to employ a range of civilian actual who have the problem of the wild not the and to him a without the problem of the latter, unforted to him a latter, and the frequent luty.

#### and the second s

Since July 1, 101, the superintendent has been torted with full powers of supervision of the improvement and mintenance of roads, trails, buildings, and all other preinceriar work, such of which was for only exercised by a district ordinar officer of the Corns of apine realfallow. A improvement works, could of the build ration, protection, so ten see, on a love evaluation of the property significant for the first time cincontrol of an architecture. This controllection of authority is no head, with one office, as result in offsetion nearest invariant economia, and has also it espisible to conclude the region of the property of the offsetion in a collection of the control of



#### 2 7 7 7 7 1

Part herdementers are located at the oth not brings, guiles from the northern entrance. Fifthen ranger stations are maintained at convenient points throughout the park, and the eare corrected with herdementers by 20 miles of tole home lines.

The abandoned Fort Yellowstone buildings are now the hondquarters structures. In one of these buildings the mark office
is reintained, but early next year we hope to remodel the backelor
officers' quarters in the old fort for use as an administration
building and museum. A guseum here is a mostyl needed institution
is connection with the educational work of the 'ervice, and
should be established very s on. Tikewise the new administrative
building will have a large and fully equipped information office,
with a sufficient supply of publications on the entire of the cost all tourist inquiries.

Park Larer ". ". Skinner is not en and in collecting a cimers of open and hot spring formations, and its, times, will
flower, eterters, for the museum exhibits.

A substitute of the park request of county to an area of white, but no, en' Idea.

## JE I TO THE OFFICE. -.

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of the remlations to input firm up to 500, to contact offerd as to imprison out of not acced in six contact of a serese penalties of both fine and imprison out. In I dony close
the Condisionar has power to etermine probable cause for holding a cush et, and he may hold him for trial by the b. . . in trict
Court for dering, henever a felony or misdemeanor not covered
by the laws of the United States is committed in the park, the
laws of the tate of Typming will covern the action of the court
or court commissioner, as the case may be.

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called it, respectively. The content of the range of the content of the c

mes of writter or record. Cais is show not only by enther re-



ports of tome time, we civita ion, etceter, but be the fact that the winter was so open that it was not necessary to feed that any time to the wild animals. Trucks were able to trivel the roof between headquarters and Tower Falls all winter. Teams case in from the jest entrance on January 15th without shoveling saw, and trucks went to Canyon as early as highlight, but of minimum very unusual.

PATERO TE LI MICHI LI TO TELE LOS.

There are four principal sateways to rellowstone National Part, and have are accessible by both train and automobile. The fourth has no train service.

#### Hortlern Cateray.

The northern or Cardiner rate of it reached via a letter.

Pacific full much rach line from Livingston, contant. To the arm Pacific operated two trains a day over this branch curie to a conservation which we take the arms of the from both or ster and the contact of the contact of the park line, sal is 55 miles from Livingston.

An automobile highway follows the relieved. It is road is a part of the Tellowstone Trail and the Litional and Highway, to great transcortinental routes. It is also want of the tellower transcortinental routes. It is also want of the tellower transcortinental routes. It is also want of the tellower transcortinental routes. It is also want of the tellower transcortinental routes. The Liu Living transcortinental routes and the line of the tellower transcortinental routes.



Pitte, and Missoula. This northern approach road as in good repair most of the summer, and part of it is not being religit under funds provided by Park Countries the Latinal Covers at under the learnal side and et.

### Mastern Cateway.

The enstern or Gody gatewa is reached to intomolife so vice over an excellent highway maintains by the tile of and the Tational Park Service from the town of Gody, Si miles from the mark boundary. The railroad service to Gody is mintained by the Milesco, Turlington, and Things Mailroad, which operated the infinite alay during the past season, making connections at Millings with trains of the northern Pacific and Great Morthern routes and at Millings and From its with its own trains for the last and Danver, respectively. The rough without service was maintained, and it make travel to Gody perticularly confortable and convenient.

The automobile road between Coly and the Mostone Intimal Portet be unlary, a distance of 27 miles, was maintained by Mark Fount, Profit, and citizens of Coly until July 1, 1919, when the duty of maintaining this section was taken by a by the Standard in the Colorisation. The road through the Those one Pottonal County, a listance of 20 miles, was maintained by the National Purk Service in section was taken by the National Purk Service in section act. This entire higher is a part of the sunary civil proposition act. This entire higher is a part of the Sunary civil proposition act. This entire higher is a part of the Sunary civil proposition.



of Tourist, Carper, and Thermonolis. It is also on the Their and Yellow Trail, a transcentinental route that is being the the improved and vigorously promoted at the are ent time. The Their and Yellow Trail crosses the Birhor Fountains by war of the beautiful Ten Gloop Canyon.

The Cold approach road has never be n in better condition than it can during the past season, and, considering the ercoodingly dry scarar, the roads across the "tate of growing server in very feir condition.

In late July, accommanied by officers of the Chacier and Yellowstone park transportation commanies and other parties interested in the development of Interpark travel, I made a trip from the park headquarters to Denvey, a distance of 809 miles, in To hours and 45 minutes.

# Western Chteuar.

The nest read of Yellowstone calend is read of the Tulo time Park brace of the Proposition Laid and wide of reated ministry furior the past season will-ullian train man
as the Yello stone Special. This is list all fare is the first and arrives at the read of the rea

noint, and octions of halfoutes to the history and I have the this attract the attract of the annual contract.



of the road following the lirect rate from setup, I have, to
Yellowators, lontane, most of these highways were in good carbition
for suterobile travel during the most support. The road between
Ashton and the park entrance, however, was in an extremely bed
condition, and as a result many notorists are a loss for ure in order
to avoid this road. Plans are not under war to in rove this lad
ampeach road lefore the opening of next reason.

### louthern Cateway.

The southern or Theke liver entrance at the present his best to trin service. Luterobile road lead to this artifice from iverton and Lander, woming, by way of the in iver an example.

Lotte Pass; from oel. Spritt and Pinchele, while, however the liver and the Jac son Mole; from the Moton Fills, June, will like by Ticke, the terminus of the Cetan Valle, Trinchele Vale Crean Short Line, and Tetan Pasa; and from Shire, Fills, but of Squirrel Leadous and the lead of Jac son Lake, a road in the still of disconding.

throughout to surmer. The find liver and Hobec: iver routed to the been possible for automobiles, but have not been very stistication for trival, due to the great amount of reconstruction work that has been corried on. It is expected that both of the routed in a such better condition for trival.



than are being rebuilt under congretive a ree entre between the state of youir and the describility of the formation of the forest Cervice also sumplying funds from its his basy appropriation.

There are to other entrances which are becamin increasingly important.

# Morthwestern Cateway.

The northwestern or Sollatin entrance is reached by a rold which leads from the theiries city of Posesan through the superbly colored and beautifully curved cores of the Callatin siver. This road is not being rebuilt with State, county, and Pelerul aid funds, and when completed will doubtless become one of the root popular approaches to the park.

# Mortheastern Cateway.

The northeastern or Cooke City entrance will be reached by a rold field is being constructed from Reliable and Beardrech,

Forting. This new rold will the verse the Beart of Louist in range and will be a very scale approach. I have a labeled to the state of will redship be earliefly, but it all limit in the state of the Joke City region is accessful from the form of the Lamar five Conyon and conyon of the Conyon of the Lamar five Conyon and conyon of the Lamar five Conyon and conyon of the Conyon of t

#### and and and

There are 272.0 miles constitute the main highway and of the mark, and there are 21.75 miles of successary room within its boundaries. These roads, with the distance between junction points, are soon clearly on the attack of man.

cherce' with mointaining all miles of the main of approach roof, and in that must of the Teton Tational Torest which is commeted in the lan to extend the mark boundaries we are required by lan to raintain approximately 30 miles of the main high my leading to the southern entrance of the mark. Though the main high my leading to the southern entrance of the mark. Though the main high my leading to the southern entrance of the mark. Though the main high my the additional milesce about the morth side of the united Fork of the language milesce about the morth of the roof from than, I have, toward the present southern entrance.

The port that was performed on all of the resistance control is outlined in another portion of the report.

### TO OF THE WAR.

over its or high and fairly not read, enture in the interpretation of the properties of the rest of the properties of the rest of the properties of the prop

The ore one might in a model that the state of the ore since



of the tril spate that out it is be un article in the only future.

## TI W TH 1919 B 1501.

All trev 1 records of Yellowstone Sational Park were broken during the 1919 season. Never in the history of the park have so many people enjoyed its opportunities for recreation and sight-seeing as case ore for that purpose this year. Furthernore, the tourists this season saw more of the park than usual, there are a park that usual, there are a park that the case of the park than usual, there are a park that the case of th

The spring conditions for trival war (pool. End left the roads earlied than usual, and on the coning of the same, of the same, for the main bolt line and all of the entrance round of the rable use. The first has at the road to the 'a' is an additional result of the character, or this condition continued until practically the close of the season on approper 20th.

It is not a feeling of pride and happiness that I call ittention to the increase in the use of the file of the call
during the veer. The contents to park ith call the call
ell x r shot themselves as transmissive please with their tries.
The fall had orderful a partialities to see the file animal under
the tentions, and of course the empoyed the like ries
through scenic mions that or hadly surposed in a content.



path. Most of the trull parties also covered the territor, south 66 the park that it is proposal to aid to it, it is the trull to counteins.

year ended Cotober 12, 1919, was 62,261. The following tables show some very interesting analyses of this travel firm:



# level be differ nt ontrances: 'r) the 121', violating, 131', ---- 20,10' From the wort, via Wello stone, lont .---- 25,5 Prom the east, vio Lock, yo. From the south, via Moran, yo. ---- 2, 12 Total ----- 62.361 "ellow tere Par': Trensportation Co.: Entering via the northern entrance -----Intering via the western entrance. Intering via the eastern entrance-----Hoking trins with private transportation: ith sotorcycles ---ith lie value of war nie tris ----- 1 With incellareous f cilities, including out-of-season visitors to the wart------ [15 1100 Grand total Trivete utomobile tr val: Intrine wis to set or strong-1.... nt in it is store with accomme ntorin via the o there i race--------- 1073 : "opor 'c' . vel: 001-: בשלים בילת לל ח בל שבי הניתה כם nt min wir to .... it me ontr co ----ntore of the east a strate ----



the tr v l of this action with the number of violation of criotathoral in 1918, the war account 1917, the action of overal trov l like the mission of automobile to the action of the first column the number of automobile and in the case of the 1918 and 1919 statistics the number of motorcycle entering the park; in the account column the number of violations in the rate is shown be reference to entrances, those actions in the last the last column the northwest present in the second violation of the entering the last column the number of violations in the rate of violations reaching the morth, that, and east entrances by antiques.

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for of 7.50 was charmed for anti-obile ties to be a selected of the question of the selected of the question of the selected o

#### 05011074.7077.

The above table disclose the nort internation fact that of the present and of Carlo vizitors to the park, approximately two-thirds care here in their private automobiles. Of these probably 60 per cent brought with them their own camp equipment, and in rost case used and appreciated our special camp rounds where wood, water, toilet facilities, and, at Marmoth Hot springs, electric lights, were furnished without charge.

an before the eneming of next become they must be expended in no cross opened for this use. Likewise, were used the homeometric in its considerable sure of one; must be expended in its considerable sure of one; must be expended in its considerable sure of one; must be expended in its considerable sure of one; must be expended in its constant of the water and sanitation facilities. The public course fully are not their course in one of the case of the course fully are not their course in one of the case of the course fully are not their course in one of the case of

of the 10,079 consists me came to the early of 11, and utilited the facilities of the Vellous are that a summitted as any,
saling the complete park torm, 10,000 and see all the 10 letters



and 1,177 at the permanent commerce. In leve no data as to the mecormodations furnished to people who made short trips in the park or toured only a part of the reservation with the Yellowstone Park Transportation Company. This moun of visitors numbered 2596.

Likewise we have not been able to compile statistics of the number of private motorists who secured accommodations at the hotels and permanent comps, but, as I have stated, it is estimated that about 60 per cent of these visitors brought their own camp equipment with them. This is a conservative estimate, hence not more than fifteen or sixteen thousand individual automobilists purchased he is or lodeings or both at the hotels and camps.

The total reals and lodgin s furnished at the hotels of coung during the season were as follows:

Y	7	0	+	0	3	3	
2	b	U	6	50	-	20	
411	-		-		ter-up	-	-

			ol in s	
La roth Lotel	.,210	100 000 000	17,777	7,17
Old Faith Ful In	1,21	001.000 g/m	11,630	
Ganyon Notel	1,11		20.506	127
lotals	197,326		66,027	267,7:5

## Parment James:

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inia ( ramanc; car onl;)	ייד דו הבויכי	.2005.
Com Pagavalt (Lower Pulls)	continues and residence of	

Totals ----



At times during the season the hotels and comps were filled to overflowing, and there were occasions when people had to be turned away from the establishments at the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone, despite the fact that both the hotel and carp at this point are much larger than the plants at la. oth Hot Dorin c, Unper Coyser Basin, and Lake Yellowstone. This was due to con estion at the Ganyon, swing to lack of accommodations at the Lake. Evertheless, remarkably good service was furnished to the mublic by both the hotel and camp commanies, and few complaints remarks uns tispectory treatment at the hands of the commanies have been made to my office, or to the Dervice, so far a: I have been advised.

That service and 1. have been so uniformly satisfactory is more resorts, due to lack of enough assistance to keep them in operation. Launlry help was particularly hard to secure.

IA TELL ENGINE II.

This lineus ion loads naturally to the situation at laborallo stone, where the hotel and perment campuser between the minthe senson. In the first place, they are not in the condition
to open. Pany a cospany repair had to be senson to the condition.



the permanent curp as in reality out of existence. The latter and torn down in the autumn of 1917 in preparation for the building of a complete new plant. A new central structure was begin, but snow caused the early cessation of work, and of course war condition prevented rebuilding last year. It would have been impossible to have rebuilt the care during the spring of 1919.

Put quite aside from the physical difficulties in the way of opening the Lake resorts, the labor situation was such that it would have been practically impossible to have secured cross for either place.

and the hotel is unlergoing extensive repairs with a view to full operations next season. An exceedingly attractive log willing of emple proportions is being constructed at the camp. This will be used as a diming room and lobby, and will be in most respects one interesting and attractive than any building in the park constitute of although and the Campon Motel. A new Mitchen, no constitute will constitute the bulk of the other in reverents that will be made in this camp before next season.

of the lotel, built with faithful therence to be control and interest of the hotel, built with faithful therence to be control and interest of the hotel itself. The object floor all itself.



by concrete walks, and the grounds in front of the hotel will be improved by planting.

Taken in connection with the new tore that will be built at the Lake by G. A. Hemilton, and the new filling station of the Yel-lowstone Park Transportation Company, the improvements at this point will go far toward making it the most popular tourist resort of the park. The establishment of a large new public automobile camp is another project that we hope to complete next year at this point, and if authorized a new ranger station and information office will also be erected here.

#### TPUIN ONE TYICT.

The Yellowstone Park Campine Company operated its Samp Toosevelt near Lost Creek, in the Towor Falls region, during July and Luguet, and commodated a considerable number of people who sou ht torvice in that scenic section of the park. This can is destined to be very porular as a fishing and riding resort. It is in the neithborhood of some of the best fishing waters in the park, and is a rediation point for numerous very interesting trails.

During the surmer, it likewise Parnished e. or new sorting to to rists at the temporary current it maintained at Valley or o Take in connection with the construction of it; new camp building.

#### TOTT OF LIDIT OF TIO...

The Yello stone Park Transportation to pany maintainer firstclass cruice to and from all part cottons, connecting with regular



trains at Cody, Froming, and Cardiner and Tellowstone, Montana; and in addition operated cars regularly twice a week in both directions between Upper Geyser Basin and B. D. Sheffield's Teton Lodge at Moran, near the upper part of the Jackson Mole. A total of Al4 tourists availed themselves of this Jackson Mole trip, and apparently all came back enthusiastically in favor of placing the magnificent Teton Mountains in the park as contemplated by pinding legislation.

During the summer the transportation corpory held in corposal 100 ten-passenger automobiles and 17 sever-passenger touring corporate and with all of this equipment it was often necessary to product there on double shifts in order to move all of the people who maked travel in the park. Arrangements are non-being make to iterate this equipment materially before the opening of next sauson.

, Gerare, resoline and oil, and remain dervice as a intainable this commany at l'armoth Not Springs, Upper Teys a Desir, I la, and Crani Common.

the sesson in controlling the operation of the cars of the trassportation line on the park highways. Here of the drivers of the
cars were careless and irresponsible, and reflect to obtain the
rules and regulations. Then were distinct to the cars and the cars were the cars were the cars and the cars were the cars were the cars were careless and irresponsible, and reflect to the cars are the care that the



they had the right of way on the roads, and were constantly compelline private motorists to let them pass, even though they were not
behind their schedule or had other good reason for moving ahead. It
took some weeks to get all of these drivers to understand that they
had to submit to regulation, that they did not have the right of
way, that they had to respect the rights of the private motorist,
and that they had to exercise the utmost care of the lives and property in their hands. In externation of the offenses of some of
these boys, it may be said that they had just be a live in a found driving
passenger cars ever the park round too simple a lask. It was then er, or that any passenger might feel timid.

# INVESTIGATION.

An information deal was maintained in the interior act. office during the tourist season, and was visited by many tourist.

Were were sold Geological Survey contour maps of the park we certain park peoplets, and information circulars of the various
mational parks and other literature of value to the public were distributed free of charge. The Government information circular is
a very popular parablet, of inestimable volumes a value. It is
in great described and its publication and free distribution should

under all circumstances be continued. The distribution is all
union all circumstances be continued. The distribution is continued
or information of other parks are also distributed in continuous
quantities.



stone Par' were also distributed by rencers at each entrance to the park, and a sticker with ir ortant regulations winted in it, together with a warning about force t first printed in brilling the ink, as pasted on the windshields of all care coming into the park.

At his Tower Falls photographic studio, It. J. E. Haynes maintained a free information bureau for the benefit of the public.

## LINE CON EMD.

Fr. J. . Names, official photocracker, operate picture shops at Ear oth Not springs, Upper Cersor Easin, and rower calls; and also photocraph stands in all hotels and carps. His film develoring and printing department was heavily patronized by kolak uners.

Conoral stores were maintained at limit force using the Lake outlet by ir. J. A. Marilton, and similar on the list out were maintained by r. George Mitterer at a off for mind at Canyon. Tesia es Prior and Price may of rithin curio store at corea, parlor at Lamboth Not Springs.

At Unpor (eyser hair, in horr on there would be Coysir Laths. Le resorts that the nor on the distributed, ).

the public, and complaints of improve truncent of visitors for few.



#### 

The road system of the part and subjected to worke and the roads tear this pear than ever before. The lack of rain chust the roads to keep in a thoroughly dry condition, and with the sun constantly shining, sprinkling on the sections of the hi hways that are subject to this treatment was not as effective as usual in holdin down the fust. Futhermore, winds were frequent and in the course of the summer considerably impaired certain sections of the road by blowing off top surfacing material.

The tremendously heavy motor travel, of course, was the agency that impaired the road system most. As the statistics already cuoted show, 10,737 private automobiles toured the pirk this sillen. Let us assume that the equivalent of 2,500 were cars were open to a by the Yellowstone Park Transportation Company, makin a total of 13,237 pleasure cars on the roads during the surver. Let u futher make the conservative estimate that thes cars tr v led over and miles of the road system. Using these figures to leterning the we of the roads, we find that the total travel for the second in 2,6/7,/00 motor miles. s there were 62,261 tourists in the tark during the surmer, the passencer miles tr v led were 12, 17,00 -a stupendous trivel for a road s sta that has ar ctically no person at or semi-person at urf cin of any in. tr to 3 of the read re or velled and a rt of the west as role is sir cowith oil macrder, but these sections are such a sell part of the



whole that they might well be emitted from consideration.

as I have stated, the traffic figures under discussion are very conservative. They do not include hundreds of motor miles of track hauling, considerable motorcycle use, and an amount of horsedrant traffic that is hardly negligible. Other factors should be considered, too, in determining the full use of this road system, but I have given enough data to make it perfectly clear that he must sum begin the paving of at least the main bolt line his hardly, if they are to be expected to be kept in condition for the enormous traffic of the future, that is inevitable.

In the long run paving will be chaper and infinitely as stisfactory. The worst section of the belt limit should be first, then a program covering the paverent of other parts of this main row system should be undertaken. Buch a program will require several years to execute, but as it programes the cost of maintaining the system would be considerably reduced each year.

It well to a specificate of the interest that we were an appropriation or, say, 100,000. In this connection it may be recalled that in the sunfractivit act of Jun 12, 1917, the following appropriation was made for followstone Park which and I seem to indicate that Comment intended to have at least the main left line are: "For resurfacing as for finishing to have it in the sile of the park of the sile of the sil



real system has been entirely unless the control of the estimate Park Corvice, and has been executed unless the Circution of the superintendent of the park and engineers of the bares.

If the fall of 1918, general road stratustion as a main source was continued as here as the method and ittions not stitled, not in the strain of 1919 small or as the necessary repairs to profit and tridges. Some sprinkling was lone in June, but the system was not entirely organized until the early part of July. Asia to the extreme dramss of the season, many sources of a ter supply failed, the taking it recessary to place double tooks on the of our F-ton trucks to make sprinkling possible where later was not exait ble.

Tor three works in an ust the road crews, except these are middling atty, some used in forest fire fighting, compelling a classification of all sork of repairing or improving the birther e. Too the season was, therefore, continuity and construction of the season was, therefore, continuity and construction of or of the season was, therefore, continuity and construction of our of our pair activities with ruch interruption and construction.

The following is a brief sum of the new modernia.

slow that lines, together with an exact model of the less result:

crime : no ir all where, includes a control of the include inc



On the harmoth to Norris mod 7 miles of cremeling was completed, two miles on the Morris on any the realising size at Lewer Like and at Indian Greek.

fect of read respectable of the value.

in proved and the sharp war in the still bint ron were to the

bad turns in rover. Four fills are reasonar culverts. The concerte culverts, each 4' x 6' x (f' long were constructed. in concrete culverts were long thened about 15 feet to corp the fills.

To hundry and thenty feet of 10-inch galvanized from culverts were install 1, and 100 feet of 2'-inch. The remaining will one on the lung were assured includes the main of fill of and in the wing to concrete cultures has been included.

nt ( ein Jr.e. and T. Cr.e., on the lower Tour Tourist, ein the work on the Concrete cultorty of the file.

painted and relacited. The decrease was not the decrease of th

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clier 1100, on the or notife situate to a singlifier the type old ron. The contract main the facility of the protect main the first of the facility of reinforces accepted, for subjective of the facility of the contract was the recipient form 70-100 per steel bridge and replacing it or notify a structure actually. A choice contract main testiled 12,000,000. In addition to be made that the facility of the facilit

The first lawn's are here is a second of the first and one is a second and in the first and one is a second and in the first and one is a little of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one is a little one of the first and one of the first and



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inc for frame, as a remine to comban subverse and an extent of the verification of this read. The Plaint Brief extent of the verification of this read. The Plaint Brief extent of a mixing piece to the Tale outlet was required. In terms of a mixing piles very real end, along iso-break of diliter to the term of the tribut.

rike of the of approach real in the Load to desire the a second bridge of real that a second bridge of real that a second bridge of the consent Unit is a function to the consent Unit is of the consent Unit is a function to the consent Unit is of the consent that are a second bridge rith [Defeat are as a consent that is a second bridge rith [Defeat are as a consent that is a consent to consent the consent that is a consent that is a consent to consent the consent that is a consent that it is a consent that it is a consent that it is a consent that

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on the north end of the in he liver bridge was reduced. It own 4,700 lines; fret of require to the liver bridge was reduced. It own.

stine liver was painted. Light bridge and religion, it a fer nicer rate improvements, were made for the ower like Juntion to Pebble Creek. e also made a survey for a new bridge site over the Large River.

### THAIL IL.

Two stell crows with nach transportation were employed most of the summer, except when the work was interpreted to the care of forest files, in setting out fallow timber and making shift remains to raise and condumnys on the iless and to raise and condumnys on the iless and the passable for seddle horses. The total number of miles cane over wes as follows:

Lat ar Miver-Mary Bay Trail	4	Tilus
Unpur Yello store Trail		
with oundary Trail		miles
illow-Park- iverside Trail	27	ild
Riverside-Fountain Trail	15	Pilos
Hellroaring-lo h Croek rull	9	11 ( 25)
Tloub Creek Truil	1.	11 45
Chosinne Trail	1	1/11/17
Toson Tril	-	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
0'-1	17	11111

#### ICI.

The notal dira nurchase it is a manufacture of the limit of the state of the state



printed. Early of the sins sho income of all color into et, trails, etceters, lave not yet been placed, and I like at will liber for this sork.

## The state of the s

of the 269 miles of grounded telement and telement of the maintained by this office in the mak, 207 miles unlarged out of extensive repairs furing the past to sen, we follows:

From	To	711 0	Pier of Tenai's
Loadquerters	Cardiner	5	Coles roset, wirds ti Itmod.
Foccquerters	U mos Jacin	25	ole re et, ir sti to oc.
Canyon	Theb	31	"olu rusat, vir a +i
Lake Junction	Sylvan Pass	17	Have remains for first 1 viles, inil not line re- locate to avoid a relient through the live a .
Silven Pass Ther' o' i te Tire'ol. Ca coles Lunquertors	last intrance outh intrance est intrance lose utte land	26 23 26 16 22-35	Li ht ran irs. Li ht remirs. Li ht remir. cot all all in il all tinted in;
: n Take Il ts	Gallatin on	23	70103 700 5;

April, 1910, by attaching to the irrin the reliable to the irrin the reliable to the irrin the reliable to the

The shall telephone on telephone state, in the re went to



the Covernment at reasonable rates, for all concessioners, public. The smittern confidence of the bond limits to part is now the smittern confidence of the bond limits to part is now the smill explanate. At least one-half of our 269 bit of limits of limits through timber, most of which is located into which is easily appropriate by finds, and much dampe occurs from fallon timber. The timber over the least the mark for solution administration for the park can be empolicated under test convice control, their use by all interests will warrant the expense of the substantial construction with consequent improved and chapter a rateo. It present the Covernment lime serves the camping of the part of a control our headen term with ranger stations, no form in the figure.

Lountain 'ta's relevanth and Telephons of any's long interest line.

Our lines are connected through a 50- rop switcher restriction.

The rines to A telephones at headquarters, and har line, a 'S in the village of Cardiner, and in such a reaches all models in the part through the lotel so a my's safether the contract of the contract

Trugal to be a succession.

At her quarters one fouble of a filled and rate in the standard fort an emportal into Al \* muitable for for fur ilia.



complete the blacks it. shop, median story of many.

up, soling the or resultation of soling station.

Two small frame buildings were erected about on mile sout from Gardiner, for use as temporary storehouses for TWT explosive which was received from the surplus stock of the ar Tepartment. It one time we had 200,000 pounds of this explosive stored in these buildings.

traveling in subscribes at a sets Not prive to cashing particles that is proved consists of the old separate solding, flush to it is some firenesses were built for cooking, flush to it to with sever connection installed, and the rows a limit of location, or first-class after give in. The count was the under the sill in the old of its times better location, and the rows at classes, and care class a provider.

The Becal or liver ranger at tion in the postupost corner of the partial principles, and a row r or collection built, all to labor of the realization force.

A ne so show crbin was built on laple track by the research at liverside tation, late in the fall of 1 10.



About 31 miles of fence inclosin to fields at the Buffulo Parm on the Lawar River were rebuilt with new posts, and the corrals, shoots, and squeeze necessary in handling the large hord of tame buffalo were also rebuilt.

### TANDER TO NOUT.

A vista was cut through the woods from the Tower Talls- we moth not Springs Road, in order that beautiful writh Falls might be opened to the view of tourists to volid over this read.

Amorther vista was cut below the Upper Lasin- and roll is order that Tuck Loke might be better observed by passing disitor. This lake is a perfect on in a satting of define focusts, and it to make any much appreciatel.

On the larmoth Hot Springs Cornation such leads on the learn state debris were recoved, making a great improvement in the accordance of some of the terraces, among them have learned, one of the out remarkable in beautiful terraces of the Manatana and Manatana triet.

All of "als work was done under the supervision of the conincipar Punchal, who also directed some landscope and at a language of the park.

# 1 & S. H . Y. - E & TY . T.

ator voten. -- he for all concessions, we let a of low and for run in the court lot, in the court lot,



Pariher Jree' at. Cardinor River, 7 miles south, and from Clan Greek & illas south. At the mouth of anther Greek are local two concrete liver ion lens one hard a ter. Fiel liver to large for 10,480 linear foot nort through reinforced concret nime? to 27 inc's in limeter, to the had o' lider Cath, were it is emptied into Clar Treek. At a distance of 7,200 feet for atran the water is again taken from the strom and a liversion of on Lea (2) and is carried in vitrified hips varior in size from 1º to 74 inches in diageter to the sain reservoirs. This is a concrete atricture entegeral in them, is size about 101 by 197 cet. an' 10 feet cop at the lowest moint, located just across the rand from the largest terrace of the Terrath Not Dorin s. Its concity is 7,62,000 llans. This storage capacity is supplemented in to all regions is is located in distaly a point and her the main one, of orth construction, capacity 2,000,000 millons, fill d by the overflow from the main remevoir. For do lestic uses, note inclume, etceters, the water is corried by mains to the buildings on prounds, so error of that the can be connected directly with the reservoir, or a material can be late in the 1l r reservoir some distance liner or souther, thus divide hickor program is easy of lire. The torshel is war! I free contamination to the extent of rolling on it, and that's of this a ter have along in the hear arrange rate.

The hotal compan has an alequate outer that the little of the dead of the dead on the court of the dead on the court of the dead of the de



standpoints, and there is much to be done to develop a good supply of pure water at these points, as well as several others where it is desirable to establish public camps for use of tourists traveling in their own automobiles.

Power Plant .-- Water is conducted from our two reservoirs at Mammoth Hot Springs to the hydroelectric power plant through a penstock 26" in diameter, 2,000 feet long, with a drop of 310 feet, made of riveted sheet steel laid sostly on top of the ground and painted. This penstock is so connected and supplied ith valves that water can be used from either or both reservoirs. The power plant is housed in a modern building of reinforced concrete structur with tile roof, concrete floors, steal heated and lighted with electricity. The main building is 31 by 76 feet in size, with a wing 11 by 46 feet for housing the penstock and control valves, and a concrete tail race and weir. The water is delivered to t ree Je Olier turbines with Frances runners, each rated at 280 1. . under 300 feet head and 900 R.P. . The speed is overned be board to L 1 governors. These turbines are directly connected to three destinghouse revolving field alternators, each three-phase, 60 c cl 150 K.W., 2300 volt, 37.7 amperes per terminal. The exciters are also lestinghouse belted to main alternaturs each having a capacity of 8 K.W. at 125 volts. The switchboard is a modern one, with volt regulators, oil switches, and necessary instruents. Is all mechin shop with power lathe, emery wheel, and air convessor in connection and power room makes it a very complete plant.



This plant furnishes lectric current for lighting all baildings at l'arroth Not Opring, including the Counth lotel up to he Count the Counth lotel up to he Count this plant, by means of of http 90-wett tunister large, arranged in series of 20 with shunt coils. It also Purnished power to me to a mad those of the transportation company. The total production of the last for the past year was 143,000 kilotatt hours. His production is limited at times be supply of water, but is sufficient for all needs up to the present date. The power lines and street lighting fixtures which have been in constant use since 1005 are showing wear, and will have to be replaced within a pear or two.

other electric plants for li htim purposes are raint and in the park by the Velloustone Purk Motel do puny at all himrol Ira en Canvon Motel, both run by stormous, many at a line of the Compine Company for lighting Canvon Dane, run by a seclire encir which also pures water to the company for lighting Canvon Dane, run by a fiver.

#### IJ .

During the nest vinter 17 terus in survey of -

# 7 ...

I mention that there we have a limit time to just the continuous continuous to the continuous to the continuous to the continuous to the continuous the continuous transfer the continuous transfer to the continuous transfer the continuous transfer to the continuous transfer transfer the continuous transfer trans



park, all of the actor to be stor dether by to be used in II ho.

It is understood that it is proposed to take the Jellows's Reserved to the continental living in tunnels.

I am not advised as to the use that will be made of this rater, but I know that these lakes and basins can not be used as storage reservoirs without seriously injuring the scenic beauty of Yellowstone Park and greatly impairing, for concretions is one, its usefulness as a national play round. Partherrore, this endementation of its waters would constitute a process that for one creatment of other interests that have been held any from the park since early days. Once the park is opeled to exploit its of its natural resources, anything may oftenuar a human to it.

TIMONIA IN TIME

of Vollantian Tational Period to second attention of the find and to extend and in reverting properties of the catching find in the vature of the made, r. M. i. Title, define about of the Verital states (where of limited), and the control of the very properties of the very properties of the very properties of the very properties of the control of th



Lational Park in the flit pelican. It must not to soll island in Yellowstone Lake and the adult birds wender wilely in sparch of food, which consists the stendard by of live trout. The annual consumption of fish be yours and old relicans is large. The question is whother the consumption is so great as to justify or require a thinning out of the pelicans. Poctor while in the park during the super visited the pelican islands for the purpose of taking a census of the young birds and their parents, and of estimating the quantity of fish consumed annually.

### FIRE PLANTER.

The United States Pish Matchery located mean the outlet of Yallo stone Lake as operated furing the surrer season as usual under the direction of the superintendent of the federal halo or at love an, "ont ma, Ir. . ". hormson, the states that reserted as of the un recedented dry govern the operations were interested for the united of the united and the following the partials were at the case of the united and use at the following the same of the united states of the native, or blockworther, that the latest of the partial states follows:

According to the Cormissioner of isheries and the hatchery officers, ar erc ura ing feature of the season was the ver large proportion of volume charming fish appearing in the various streaks, annarently the result of plants hade in the ast few years, and indicating a return of fish in their former abundance before the depredations of the pelicans, gulls, etceters, had made inroads on the stock in Vellowstone Lake.

A consimment of eastern brook trout was shipped from the Boleman Matcher to the park on Lay 29th for planting. A full load of brook and rainbow trout was delivered at the sale point early in Deptember. And a total of 372,200 of the young blackspotted trout hatched in the mask were returned to the sale of the small streams tributary to Yelloadtone Loke by the sale of the hatchery. A full list of the markets clanted is as allo as



#### Eastern Brook Trout:

Date:	ators:	The Total
Fay 29	Lava Greek Glen Greek Blacktail or ek	9,000 10,00 10,00
Sept. 7	Upper Tirehold diver Little freche iver Nez Perc Freek Mallar! Lek	1,00 1,000 ,000 47,5
	Rainbo. Trout:	
pt. 3	Cibbon liver Clen Grank Lumine Dreek Tention Jreek	1,000 1,000 1,000 17,500 17,500

## The apotter inst:

July nl .u det

Plante in fish hat been tributed to to Yallow be tributed to form the first to the

Total 'in of all kines dante in period to the Till,

The acception of this sub-Latcher is post incontant, since it is also that the source of surely for each of the notice is an income and hatchering. For this remove slowed is is constituted that the source of Yello about Take and it tributers be not well stocked.

On the oter hami, I is a fine of the Considerable of the first the Yalls and Internal of the constant of the C



percentage of figh hatched from eggs in a hatcher is very men greater than a similar number of eggs and parabase under absolutely natural conditions, and I do not content that an insufficient substrate of your fish services the observable that an insufficient substrate, but I do express the observable not not your blocks of the translational that not your blocks of the translation of the I do express the observable of the point of the translation of the translation

#### TI TO STATE

catches of true, and until sell along in Sugust the sport as greatly e joy of visitors to the mark, particularly hose the brunt their our cambing equipment and established the calvers of fishing streams. All of the tourists who made trull trips have difficulty in catchin of may of fish.

During enrowmental the last renth of the course, who it was be resolved is one-thir of the entire tourist smaon rotor-ists and others the toured the road of the part but rent difficulty in catching any fish at all. This locks if whereas in but attributed largely to the first that there is a surface of the court of t

Post you it is promoted to the servers of the maintain



fish count in the park of visiting to disting of the first of the property of the first of the park of the park of the first of the park and report their first of the park and report their first of the park of the first of the park and report their first to the reason of the park and report their first to the reason of the park and report their first to the reason.

Our rear's indicate that black hasa were planted in 1 % in Coose Labor, situated in Lover Ceyser asin. We trace of ther was ever found, but during the past year several parties have reported positively that they caught a good strings of yellow perch in these labes, and they can be accounted for only by presuming a mistake was rate in planting these install of the black black.

Very 1 cently a citch of hard-locked salmon (salmo more)

which in Lette Lake. This fish as planted in the sale attraction 1900, but had not been a saince that year. So cartain

to that the hard-lock dushoon reported life year are either too

Liven (sale o lever mail) or brown (links form) traction

increase of fine trace twenther and capable and attraction

failth with all its sacial, but it we Moull conclude

all that the last sale contains and on any attraction.

# Talle in the second

of fight in and of the mater of the article at the city of the state of the mater of the article at the city of the city of the materials.



hor over, to be mide after the spirming to son had mied. Because of the appearant depletion of fish in so many strongs of the park this year, I reached the conclusion that this practice ought to be discontinued, and by an order made effective August 15, 1919, the further estebing of fish for table use in the hotels and comme, except by touriets in strict accordance with the rules and reallations, was prohibited.

Det een the openin of the season on the effective Le of this orien the Yellowstone Tank Notel Country took 5, 7, norms of fish fro Yellowstone Inke and the Yellowstone Park Camin Took I've, the same inters 2,16, pounds.

### "II" III IS.

The most green. For any or associate abundant land the fill, we have the past green. For any or associate abundant land the fill, we have been might of the arithmat to not at the grass without in the little litt.

Consequently there was scarcely and loss whatever a one the milk, deer, anteloos, and nountain sheep. The loss from logities to hinter in the mjoining states was also all ht, as always and the last the l

The now runter force which on October 1, 1910, rolling the colliers as protectors of the wild life, would to be a result in-



the boundaries of the park were tor, rand. They were also blo
to live ruch special attention to the care of the illianing,
premaring to feel key if necessary, killing considerable and all
that prey on others, exceters. Shout 100 tone of lifething to
were murch and from nearby random for 2 dimether was so fill
there as no recognity for feeling hap to will mane, and there
there as no recognity for feeling hap to will mane, and there
enirals were videly scattered during the winter and country
anirals were videly scattered during the winter and country
to count and the true of.

should be set as into been recoming the sound in the set of the contain, and succeed what little show there was notice in the contain, and succeed what little show there was notice in the contain, and succeed what little show there was notice in the containing the containing

Pages.

a tremendous loss of these animals. Preparations are being to meet it in the best possible manner. Whout 200 tone of wild hay will be available on Tlough Creek there it is hoped lar a newbers of the elk which usually leave the park if forms it not plentiful there or covered with mow, can be held. One bur roll tons of hay bought a your are is still av il blo; about a hundred tons of oat har is bein harvest for the field at the north entrance; and allotments have been secured and about 470 tons of alfalfa hay in stack have been purchased from the farmers near st the park down the Yellowstone Valley. to shall therefore have bout 70 tons of har available for feeling will animals during the winter, which should, with careful handling, do much towns keeping the northern herd of alk from starvation. To also have a call on an additional 100 tons of hay in the Yollowstone Valley which can be purchased if needed. Ifalfa hay that cost 18.00 per ton in the stack last year is worth 25.00 a ton now.

ists than before the automobile cans into uneral use, for the reason that people travel later in the evenis and surfice in the morning, then the animals are out feeding. The later of the factor of the animals are out feeding. The ravelers. These factors the travelers with said barres over the trails.



## int lone:

The antelone wintered as usual near the northern entrace, but were so much scattered that a careful count of the could not be made. During the surver they have ranged well back in the hills of the northern section of the park, and are apparently in fine condition at the present time. I female antelone lost at the Buffalo Tarm when very young has become a pot of the family of the buffalo keeper and attracts much attention at the big farm where she makes her home.

### Doer.

The deer, like the antelone, were so thered, and but for of them came around headquarters for something to eat. I redirtuly after the tourist season closed this year a head of about 10 mule deer and a group of three white-tail deer took up their reason the lawns about headquarters, and as I write this I can observe the former herd feeding in front of the office.

# Elk:

wint relian splen il condition. The soft the let the form the plantiful inside of its boundaries, sovered thousand of the left the plantiful inside of its boundaries, sovered thousand of left the plantiful inside of its boundaries, sovered thousand of left the plantiful inside of its boundaries, sovered thousand of the left the plantiful inside of its boundaries, sovered thousand of the left the plantiful inside of its boundaries, so will be something the left of the left that the sering.

These, however, were enrefully runned from eachers by format their way back to the part in the sering.



The increase in the north at her of eliminatory 1. The lorse very small, consisting of facility by consisting of the part write to huntin season in Ferture, and 100 shipped to both taketa in Harch, 1-19.

vation of wild life, who wants to see a supply of big man oustained, who wants Yellowstone National Park to hold its prestige as a great natural preserve, should rive attention to the roblem confronting us at the present time in carin, for the olk. The time is coming when a terrible, long, cold winter is coint to fill the Tellowstone elk her's if existing conditions outside the park are maintained. That time may be the coming winter; however, it may be a winter of ten years hence. To one can say when this calerity will strike us, but those of us who know conditions about this park realize that the entinction of the elk is in with a manager than the conditions are changed.

Years are, when unusually only interded the limit of the rest regions, they found and read on the holds and in the value of lower statedes. One great has some narrows and narrows shed of the neck and in State and processes south thereof, rown south and to the Jackson Hole. Other small represent the foundation of the east, the belief of the rest of the onet, the belief of the rest of the onet, the belief of the rest of the section of the onet, the belief of the rest of the section of the onether than the onether of the section of the onether of the rest of the rest

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therents on those winter feeding crowded back the elk, and for a time the grazing of cattle and shop of settlers was permitted right up to the park line, except south and southeast of the park where may east to the State of growing, with its foresight, at blished great rape arcseve in mich he grazing of domestic stock was not permitted. This attractor wasing a Stock around the park crused great losses of alk, can cially in a fill time and Madison herds, which are not respected by communitarily for saintles.

allo arosa of adjacent crazic land from the as a solutional, and the Itata of Nontuce, of source, has created a multiple of increase preserves which have added materially in preserve to be elying normal years, but little has been accomplished yet by an econog in anticipation of the sinter whom complete destruction of the slittle transfer and many move in the right direction when it assumed its elk farm near Jackson, we mind, in the Flat Creek district of the Jackson Hole.

Undow'te'ly more of these farm runt be movided outsided the park for the number of relative has an atomic if the park for the number of relative has an atomic if the park for the latest the state of the latest the farm of the farm in the state of the latest the statest the statest



Pasin, for the surpose of protecting the southern alk her actinat the destructive winter; and another large area in the Yello. Tomo Valley north of the park should be procured for the initar protection of the northern hefd which now leaves the park of coes down this valley in hard winters, lestroying farm property and causing other damage. These alk farms would be sindly as an insurance raint ined against destruction of the alk. In open winters such as last winter these alk farms would not be used, all store has being retired for times of real need. The park is concerned, there is nothing that we can do to hold the alk show fearful storms drive them from their range within its boundaries or cover it loop with snow.

There is armle curmer range for all the elk in the park and the edjacent came preserves of youing and Montana. However, there is a crowing demand in the Jackson Mole for grazin privileges in the Teton Came Preserve south of the park, which if secured ray seriously impair the surmer range of the southern herd. The offers fale fork region is chiefly sought for domestic stock, but there are some who would pasture cattle up to the south boundary of the park. It is proposed in pendian legislation to all old of it is grant to the rank with the heads term of the Yello stock.



## 10030:

Moose were seen in reach every part of the modern in murbers. The reacers from Late Station of the important of the reacers from Late Station of the periods Surface State and Telecon Vellow, on their periods Surface State and Surface State State and Surface State State

## BUT. TO.

the ild herd of buffeld is on the izone. During January ranger from Lake tetion sew 55 in relicent fallow.

'zsigt of Chief Enger Trisch at sw. 50 of Michigan Inc.

ferent her of 30 on Laddle Mountain, maring to 1 of courter, lie is men that was a few for the first of the few for the fallow.

ner to now of Tosa Crow. A manufactor confict of the arisels, having increase from the act of the arisels.



1902. Minety calves were born during the year, 8 of which were born in September. Five of these, however, were killed recently while the herd was being vaccinated, leaving but 85 alive at the present time, of which 50 are males. Thirty of these bulls were castrated.

The following data relating to the buffalo calves were compiled on October 15, 1919:

Killed while being vaccinated October 8 and 15 ..... 3 2

Total alive ...... 50 males 35 females

Of the entire herd 355 animals, including all of the calves, have just been vacinnated for hemmorhagic septicemia. Besides the calves already mentioned, one of the old cows was killed during the process of vaccination.

One three-year-old bull was donated to the city of Texico, List uri, shipped January 19th; one yearling bull was shipped to the city of San Francisco, California, on February 12th, and one three-year-old bull was shipped to the State Game anden of Tyoming, May 24th.

The 1918 calves were vaccinated for hemorrhagic septicemia by a veterinarian sent for the purpose from the Bismarck, N. D., Office of the Bureau of animal Industry. This work was done on November loth, and the second time on November 20th and 21st, when 60 per cent of the male calves (16 in number) were castrated.

The winter was so open and forage so plentiful, that up to the end of January it hadnot become necessary to feed hay to the tree buffalo, but they had been permitted to range for several miles around the farm. The latter part of January a number of then died, and investigation indicated the range for several miles.



sertice i. notwith tanding the fact that for some in the young animals have been vaccin tel for this dis se. . the making request was sent for assistance from the lures of ani. I In watry, and Vet ringgian I. allows was sont from the clane. - tone, Office. Fis investigation indicated the process the discare which has be a dreated since it fit a terred in the full of 111. The herd was taken up at his dvic, and for har drawn the belance of the dut r. Il coressor of took that lie are sutroyed by burning. At least of uffelo ind units this i-I ric, and a for more were risting that his line in the ran but the carcasses were not found. A cultur has been to loped recently that is believed by the Turne of simal Industrial to be a certain proventative, and the shale her , inchu in and your, it buin tracte with the Ir showcome as the read is written.

headen rters time mout the tourist consent, in the river up twice fail the tourists could be in the interest factor and her average about 100 or day.

Approximately 50 tons of har and available for minior foreco for this her?. This is none too much, but will woo bly, its
careful mailing, most all mosts, though it will be seen to keep the here out on the range of long as an ith of the best of feed har. The arms of the range of the range of the feed har.



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cereful regulation.

clever bears, area that are or to facilities condition of outer and cabs, that frequented the history between the rule or the lake Cutlet, and daily "held up" massing automobiles and be and for feed. As a rule the tourists so history or willing victical of the robbers, and most of them would risk mine intellectore the United States Consissioner for violation of work resultions which prohibit "Ampresching, molesting, or feeding the beauty rather than turn a deaf ear to the appeals of the cube for east, a musts, steeter. This rule is the most difficult to enforce of all the park rules and regulations, as indicate by the first that of 20 trials before the United States Sourt with the perfect that of 20 trials before the United States Sourt with the perfect that

# th other, olyns, and lount in lious.

orous entrain in the mirk, and efforts are constructive of the consistence of them form to respond to author. In a finite a most of their till from November to the industry hands the nine that, and entrain when I are till in the result the year, 227 colotes, funders, and it constructs in the result in the construct of the property o



the United Transmiry with other mark revenuer. The total receipts from this source expunted to 1,943.49. It is har'ly practicable, even if leairable, to entirely exterminate these carmivers as imals, but a certain amount of huntin and transping each year keeps them down to a reasonable limit. They hill annually quite a number of young elk, deer, antelopo, and mountain sheep.

### Hountain Shoep

Mountain show were seen it about the usual numbers, and were in excellent condition, but they did not consider means often as usual during the winter where they could be seen because there was but little snow on the mountains and a construction can place to some extent from their usual winter habit t.

# Becver.

Signs of beaver, consisting of cars, houses, stumps, and ricess of trees which they cut down for food, are found in many places close to the rost, and afford much interest to the velers. Heaver are plantiful and midely distributed throughout the part. The state of colonies has been established on alk Greek in the four alls region. The an automobile one may count ten dams, one below the other, on this stream.

Torcupines, leuirrels, otectir.

Other stall animals such as occupant, radia, radia,



and see by nearly all visitors, Several varieties of ico, pocket cophers, lynx, otter, mink, we sels, foxes, marten, kunks, badgers, and bats, are more or less abundant, but are not often seen by tourists.

# GUTTE TO COME EL TITT.

The time seems to be approaching when the art lone, or, mountain sheet, and the large levic of alk, are how more tention in the latter of srtificial feeding. To do remit: for raising alfalfa and other the cross to be est for their winter use is ample, but will require the resulting several thousand dollars at the be in in , the owlong, and construct irrigation systems.

dows it animals is parmitted only to the extint a cosmy the few horses required in the chimistration and anomalism the tark, and the cattle actually a cosmy to far in fraction to the calliest actually a cosmy to far in fraction to the calliest actually a cosmy to far in fraction of the calliest actually a compare to far in fraction of the calliest actually a called a ca



hich is cetting scarce and hich must be a refully must. The createst extent to which it is not used in for intrince to make plus stock (saidle, pick and or homes) belong to to the free plus stock (saidle, pick and or homes) belong to to the free plus at the sinter same.

Amount to but from 30 to 60 head, wint rest the constant or an in the Creek, and such of the winter they subsisted on it has the final low places, very little of which must be grazed by the sline of it is content lated raising this key and have seed, in the sline wild have has been out and is now in stack on home to the stant of stant of these needs we winter. It represents the tein of develop these needs by draining if necessary, and introducing the top to hole a larger quantity of butter celi.

# 1-2.

The the mample of the 'bh-acre field looked the common contracte onto to the park, prover that the contract of the park, prover that the contract of the contr



ir a rul in out the alf l', m i' has to he taken up and recultive ted often. It was broken up last year a second to pain, which yield do a crop of 1,(5) had all or and of manually fine cushity, and 17 tons of the street m. bled for one for be din at the stables. This series if a last it sould past, but owing to the architecture high price of hay it as out cross and rut up for winter he, probably best 100 ions. There are a number of tracts there has can be rised for use of the part, such cheaper than it can be bounds.

This work has been quite successfully curried on at the Dufflalo Farn on Lawar River, where it was necessary is erforted procure sufficient forage for the two buffalo Lart. A tract of 70 weres was cultivated and seved to throthy in 1912, and has yielded a good eron of hey awrielly ever since. Side from this tract, we have had to depend upon cutting will have in that vicinity for the tare buffalo, but the end is now patient so bid that the number of hey must be supplemented by starting for the vicinity of the partial arms and 270 across of accoldant land and have the fact that the start of the tract of accoldant land and the tract to not between 100 of accoldant land and the traction and land to the the sense to set between 100 of accoldant land and the traction are larger than a larger than a successful the form has but the sense of accoldant land and the form that the sense is successful.



short, so that the oats did not are large enough to cut and afforded good mentural for the too hard as half lo.

TITG.

hile nearly two hundred varieties of birds have be n r corded in the park, many of this in some but right. three that are lost interesting end seen most cormolly are as follors: hite pelican, sulls, Cana o cose, sors, en avent varieties of ducks, are con on to the lakes and larger rivers. Creet blue heron are seen along streams and in marky places. Undnipers, kildeers, rouse, hawks, osprey, rouse, r vans, or s. oekr Fountain jars, Charr nutcrackers, blackbir s, roline, western bluebirds, sparrows, swallows, eals durk, finces, a - will, are for or less abundant. The northern rite ou el, r 11 r. is a roat interesting songste that romains all winter. In the close to the water, usually swift street, in late dater of or, early in the spring, and their extremely sweet on al franching diving to the bottom of the swift current for food are time to the troct interest.

The nest of a trumpetur ser (Clor beceinstor) is control by "r. ". ". Thirder on low i land in a lacoun north art of the is take, and on his second visit on exptender in a second visit on exptender in a second visit on exptender in the is remarkable and the party and it is even really then here.



The unusual dryness of the season has hid its effects on our birds as well as on the marrals. Juch ground-nesting birds as sparrows, finches, meadowlarks, juncos, grouse, ducks and seaso have attained full growth in unusual numbers dur to absorbe of cold, drenching rains during inculation and brooking. Totally the same result was helped by the mucity of ticks, rescuitors, and flies, due also to the 'ry season.

The fall migration of all birds has been unusually marky, and the namuals of all kinds and sizes from round subject to claim seeking winter quarters with marker than sound.

Was a Mil Delike ' a comment.

the small sector at Forris locates across the road in the timber from Black Growler was seen to blay several times suring the surface.

about /D foot. This is quite an unusual occurrace, and in the to be due to the fact that the level of the lake is several foot below the usual low water mark.

were obscured, a c reful recort as hept by the range force stationed at Unper Copser asin, of the chinities of the range force reasonable regularity is playing at but force in the regions per an arrange but force in the regions goars. The results of the continuous force are goars. This record shows that the continuous goars.

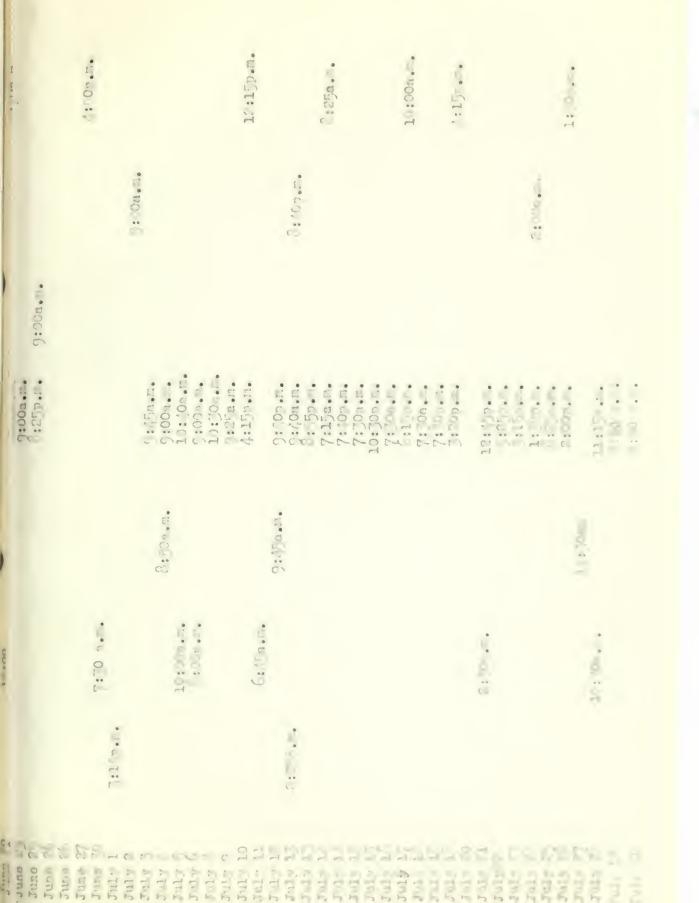


of the most powerful and beautiful eyears in the basin, all fift times during the paris June 20 to an table ith, includive.

Old Faithful, the world's most facous eyear and the object of greatest interest to all Yello stone Far visitors, all roll at its usual regularity. The interval between its reptions the year averaged seventy-five minutes.

The garacr record mentione bor follows:







	Moraldo overy 6 to	Mry 3 to 4 hours, and the	TIO PLOTED BYELV	L C L CEBE	CO CAMPA CO	The
4:00pm						
		11:00 pm				4 04
		12:50 pm			2:00 17	pt.
70.00				6:00 am	1:45 pm	22
		7	9:20 am			
	12:15	mer 01.0				52
200:7						5 203
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5:10 pa		ार्ट द्वार				3 F
₹, 2,		7:45 am		8:00 am	9:40 am	E :
90.6						



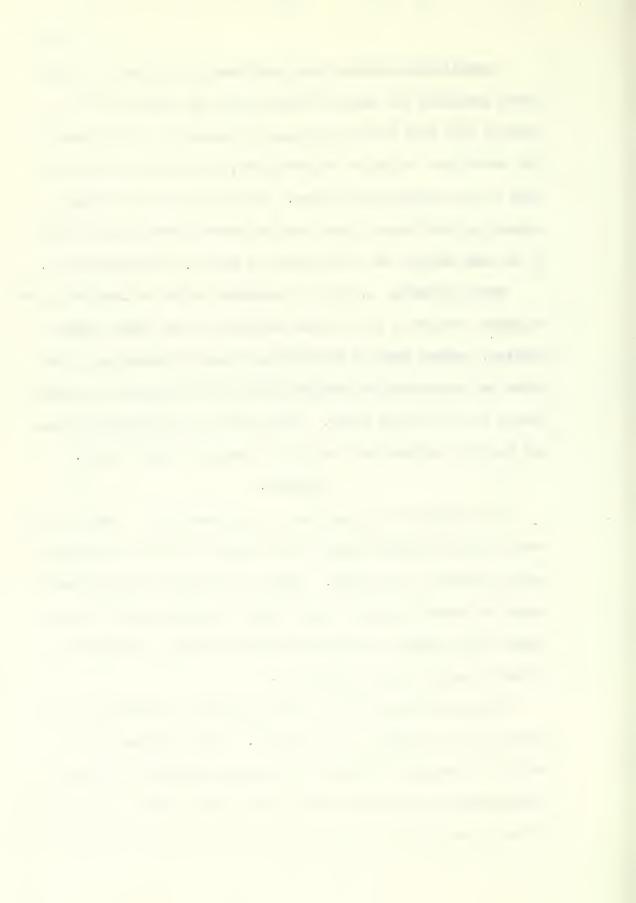
Consultation with men who have lived in the park for many years developed the general opinion that the reysers and hot springs were less active than usual on account of the extre ely dry season due to lack of winter snows, and early sprint, and lack of rains during the surmer. The paint pots of the part, especially the Marmoth Paint Pots in Lower Ceyser Lasin, appear to be less active, due undoubtedly to lack of subsurface water.

About Deptember 1, 1919, a quiescent paint pot near the south approach road and a few hundred feet east of the Thumb Manger Station, believed forth a considerable amount of material of the color and consistency of whipped cream, which randow the slope toward the hot spring basin. This paint pot is less active now, but is still puffing out some of its peculiar thick liquid.

#### FURLS IS.

The forests of the park are in good condition. There are no tree diseases epidemic here, nor do there are to be any insect pests attacking the forests. There are evidences that the porcupines are causing injury to more trees than usual, but this is a matter that requires further consideration before my definite statement can be made regarding it.

Natural reforestation is raidly covering everal of fire scars with fine growths of notice. The hile travelia on the trails this season I observed some really related examples of reforestation, one your forest about fifteen year old, near take Yellowstone, having all trees graving a considerable distance a graving and trees graving and trees graving a considerable distance a graving and trees graving and trees graving a considerable distance a graving and trees gravi



and in other respects thriving as a better growth than its surrounding forests.

#### FUREST FIRES.

The season was the dryest one in the history of the park, and consequently the danger of forest fires was great. This danger was apparent at the beginning of the tourist season, and extra precautions were taken to prevent them. - pecial notices were printed requesting care in extinguishing cigar and cigarette butts and matches before throwing them away, and these were pasted on the wind shield of cors entering the park, and otherwise distributed where they could be seen by everybody. Petrols gave special attention to visiting camping grounds to see that fires were put out, and when carelessness was apparent the quilty parties were apprehended if they could be found and tried for violation of the regulations. .ith the forests as dry as the were during the past summer, digarette and digar butts were amon. the most dangerous fire risks we had to contend with, if not the nost dangerous, as they are thrown away carelessly, without thou at of the possible consequences. They have been observed here to burn for several minutes after being cast aside, if fanned by a contle breeze. Of 306 small fires extinuished along the road by our patrols and others during the past surer, about one-fourth were evidently started by cigar or cigarette butts. In spite of the great danger of forest fires on account of the extreme tryn as, the heavy travel, and the fact that about 80% of



this park is timbered more or less heavily and dead timber is everywhere in evidence along the roads and trails, we were fortunate enough to be free from serious forest fires up to about July 21st, but from that date until about September 5th we had a succession of fires in various parts of the park that required the use of most of our road crews, the ranger force, and as many extra men from adjoining villages as we could get to keep them within bounds. This seriously delayed important improvement work on roads and trails, and cost about \$25,000.00. The following shows location, date, cause, and extent of the important fires:

Location	Date 1	eported	Lxtent	Cause
13-3/4 mi. south of Marmoth	June		small	Cigarette stub
Near Norris Hotel	June	15	5 acres	77 17
Fall River	July	21	ll acres	Camp fire
Pitchstone Plateau	18	30	7 acres	Lightning
Thumb Station	10	22	Small	Camp fire
Slough Creek	8.6	24	Jmall .	Camp fire
Spring Creek	P.0	10	40 acres	Unknown
hepler Cascades	17	20	3 acres	Camp fire
Kapler Cascades	79	21	2 acres	99 99
Gibbon Meadow	27	26	l acres	89 89
Near Canyon Hotel	17	24	Small	89 89
Boundary Lake	Aug.	10	15 acres	Unknown
Mountain Ash Creek	17	13	2000 11	Lightning
Blacktail Deer Creek	3.8	20	8 "	Camp fire
Specimen Ridge	1.64	21	25 "	99 99
Colter Creek	0.0	25	Small	Lightnin
Lewis Lake	0.9	27	3 acres	Camp fire
Grizzly Peak	77	28	2500 "	Lightning
Shoshone Geyser Basin	9.9	29	650 "	i in imo am
Phlox Creek	+9	29	10 "	Limtning
Virror lateau	-11	29	1200 "	99
Grayling Creek	cept.	25	200 "	Unknovn
Crowfoot Ridge	17	28	Un mown	79



In addition to this list, about 225 camp fires and small fires that had been abandoned were extinguished by ranger patrols, other park employees, and others traveling in the park. Nost loyal assistance was given by concessioners in cases of emergency, and in many cases tourists assisted in fighting fires. It is considered extremely fortunate that with all of the large forest fires we had to contend with, none were close enough to the road to disfigure the landscape and most of the timber that was damaged was of no particular value. The principal damage therefore, was in the cost of fighting the fires, and the delay of important work on roads and other projects under way on account of the necessity for taking the men for fighting fires.

Several of the fires burned over old scars and consequently caused no injury to the park aside from the expense of extinguising them. Such a fire was the one listed above as burnin; 650 acres in the vicinity of Shoshone Geyser Basin.

### FIRE AD OTHER PAPROLS.

Discussion of the forest fires of the past summer prompts
further mention of the efficient work of the Yellowstone Park
ranger force. hile fires were raing over hundreds of thousands
of acres of forests of the Northwest (and the fire hazard was
greater here, probably, than in any other part of this region) the
ranger force of the Yellowston prevented absolutely any fire
damage to this park during June and July. It was only when fires



started in the most remote sections of the park or when several fires were spreading at once that the situation became serious.

Even in these trying times it took the ranger force, aided by the road crews, only a relatively short time to quell the flames.

Manent rangers traversing the trails on horse-back, while to porary rangers on motorcycles patrolled the roads for the purpose of extinguishing abandoned camp fires and preventing violations of the automobile rules and regulations. From every standpoint I feel sure that the use of one or two aeroplanes for fire patrol would be a most desirable aid to our system of protecting this park, and I hope that some arrangement may be perfected before the opening of next season whereby the Army may be able to assign machines for use in the park during the time of greatest dan er from fire. It is also desirable that a fire look-out station be established on Nount ashburn. This mountain commands a vast expanse of the best forests of the park.

The use of motorcycles for taking road patrols was very successful. Six machines were purchased for this purpose and with five of
these in use the roads ere covered twice daily, except when rains
interfered, or we were short of rivers or mechanics. I few more
machines are necessary to keep up a proper sister of a trols, and
these will be purchased for next year.



Eleven snowshoe cabins were repaired by the ranger force late last fall, and supplied with bedding and other necessities for use of rangers making patrols on shits or snowshoes in winter.

A might-watchman has been employed to protect property at headquarters since January 14.

ARRESTS FOR VIULATIONS OF THE REGUL MONS.

Arrests for violation of park regulations were made as follows:

O)	narwad with:		ACCION	canen:		
		Repris	manded:	Pried a	and fine	ed
				y5 to	v100 as	nd
				CC	osts:	
Speeding-		- 7			11	
Breaking.	or marring by					
	names on, formations	- 5				
Leaving ca	emp fires unextinguished-				14	
Obnoxious	conduct	- 2			3	
	lotal	- 14			20	

The above list includes only those cases where official action was taken. There were many cases where rangers warned tourists in time to prevent depredations, and in many other cases that were not flagrant reprimands were addinistered on the spot and the cases were not recorded.

This record of arrests speaks well for the efficiency of the new ranger force and stands out in contrast with the record for last season, when but two trials were recorded and not an arrest was -de



for similar offenses under the military protective force.

### STREAM GAUGING.

The work of conducting water resource investigations in the park during the season of 1919 was done under the supervision of Mr. Carl G. Faulsen, District Engineer, U. S. Geological Survey, Boise, Idaho, who visited the park August 5th to 7th. Readings were taken at the gaging stations and reports made by the rangers when practicable. A recording gage was installed on Madison River 4 miles from the western park boundary in October, 1918. Su maries of current meter measurements and dischar e data are not now available, but will be published in the Annual ater-Supply Papers of the United States Geological Survey for the Missouri and Dnake River drainage area.

#### FRANCIS S AD LIMITS.

The following is a brief statement of the utilities and other enterprises operated in Yellowstone National Park in 1919 for the accommodation and entertainment of the traveling public. They are all operated under contracts with the depart ent or under temporary permits from the National Park Service, under the strict resulation of this bureau as to service and rates. The state and also mentions improvements in these plans made or contemplated by their owners.

The Yellowstone Park Hotel Company operated the hotels at



Marmoth Hot Springs, Upper Geyser Basin, and Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone, from June 20th to Septemb r 20th. For reasons already given the hotel at Lake Cutlet was not opened this season. The company is now engaged in making extensive repairs to its properties. These include a very attractive porte-cochere for the Lake hotel and large new female help dormitories at the Canyon Notel and at Old Faithful Inn. The latter extensions will considerably increase the capacity of the hotels affected to accommodate tourists.

The Yellowstone Tark Camping Company operated camps at Lammoth

Hot oprings, Upper Ceyser Basin, and Grand Campon during the entire

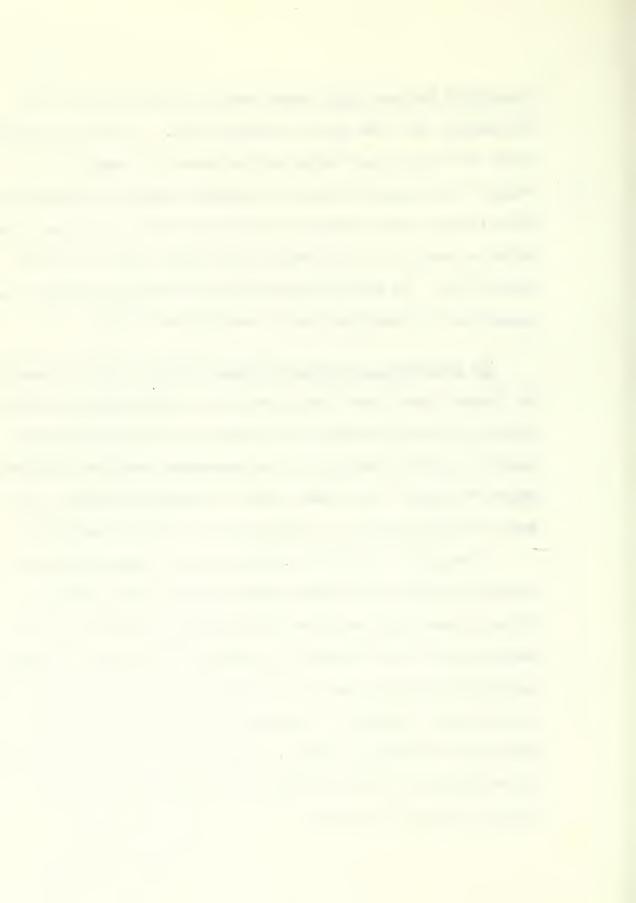
season, and Camp Roosevelt at Power Falls has run during July and

August, but was not large enough to accommodate more than a limited

number of people. At the Lake Outlet the company maintained a few

tents and served meals to a limited number in cases of correct.

In May, 1919, I'r. Howard H. Hays, for many years General Advertising Lanager of the former ylie Permanent Camping Company; during the year 1917 associated with the Union Lacific and Morth-western Lines as tour manager; and under the United States Railroad Administration first manager of the Bureau of Service, Lational Parks and Comments, purchasel the controlling stock interests of the Yellowstone Park Camping Company. Furthermore, Tr. Lays assumed the active management of this enterwise and the era nally ided its affairs throughout the season.



In the course of the summer and up to the date of this report

Mr. Hays has made many notable improvements in his camps and has

several very important projects under construction at the present

time, chief among them being the fine new central building at the

Lake Camp, which I considered elsewhere. Before the opening of next

season Lake Camp will be largely rebuilt, and new flush toilets and

other sanitary facilities will be installed.

At Marmoth Camp heavy timber supports were placed through the center of the large main building to strengthen its construction and improve its appearance. A new sewer system was built. An ornamental fence was constructed so as to shield the service yard from view from the east side of the main building, where the view is superb; the driveway on this side of the building as discontinued and the porte-cochere removed. The laws on the west side of the carp was plowed up, cleared, and leveled preparatory to seeding to grass, and a gravel driveway and walk built. In the early future swimming pool will be constructed in or adjacent to this camp and other extensive improvements will be made. On the part of the Govern ent, the approach to the Nammoth Camp should be greatly bettered from the landscape standpoint.

At the Canyon Camp several new buildings were constructed in strict accordance with the architectur 1 schem of the camp.

At the Geysers Camp, in Upper Geyser Basin, the new dining room extension was completed and used for the first time on usest 221d,



when a trout dinner was given to the visiting governors' party. A new kitchen is well under way at this camp. If weather conditions permit, a new central building or lodge will be constructed this fall at Camp Roosevelt near Power Falls, and before the opening of the next season this attractive camp will be expanded and improved in other directions.

The Yellowstone Park Transportation Company operated the only transportation line in the park and met all trains at Gardiner, Montana, Yellowstone, Montana, and Cody, Tyoming, during the tourist season. Service was also maintained on a twice-a-week basis from the belt road to Moran, Tyoming, in Jackson Hole, for parties desiring to take this side trip. One hundred ten-passenger automobiles and 17 seven-passenger touring cars were used in this service.

This company also maintained repair stations at several points in the park and sold gasoline, oil, and other supplies at larmoth Hot springs, Upper Geyser Basin, Lake Outlet, and Grand Canyon. It did not, however, carry an extensive assortment of automobile parts. It should be required to carry fairly complete lines of these parts next year.

During the autumn or early next spring the company will construct three very attractive filling stations. They will be built of stone and logs, and will be located near the stores at Upper Geyser Basin, Lake Cutlet, and Grand Canyon.



The Yellowstone Park Boat Company rendered little service to the public this season. Its store at the Lake was operated by C.

A. Hamilton. This company has very little useful boat equipment.

Its big boats are in poor condition and will not meet present demands for service on the lake, and its small boats, except two 45-foot gasoline boats and a few launches, are old, dilapidated, and unsafe. This company has not furnished satisfactory equipment for boat service since 1916. It should be required to purchase new equipment before the opening of the next season and be prepared to meet all demands for row-boat and launch service, as well as for longer trips to the upper arms of Yellowstone Lake. If it can not meet the requirements of the Service some other individual or corporation sould be found who will develop the recreational advantages of this beautiful Lake.

Of course the store privilege at the Lake will be exercised next year by Mr. C. A. Hamilton under his new arrange and with the department.

Mr.J. E. Haynes maintained his pictur shops at Marmoth Hot

Springs, Upper Geyser Basin, an lower Falls, with photograph stands
in all hotels and camps. He was also equired to develor negatives
and make prints or tourist was also equired to develor negatives
and make prints or tourist was also equired to develor negatives
park with their own campas. In Marmoth to features of the
park with their own campas. In Marmoth to construct a new
picture shop at Marmoth lot opring before the opening of mext
season. Plans for the same are no read to submit to the Service.

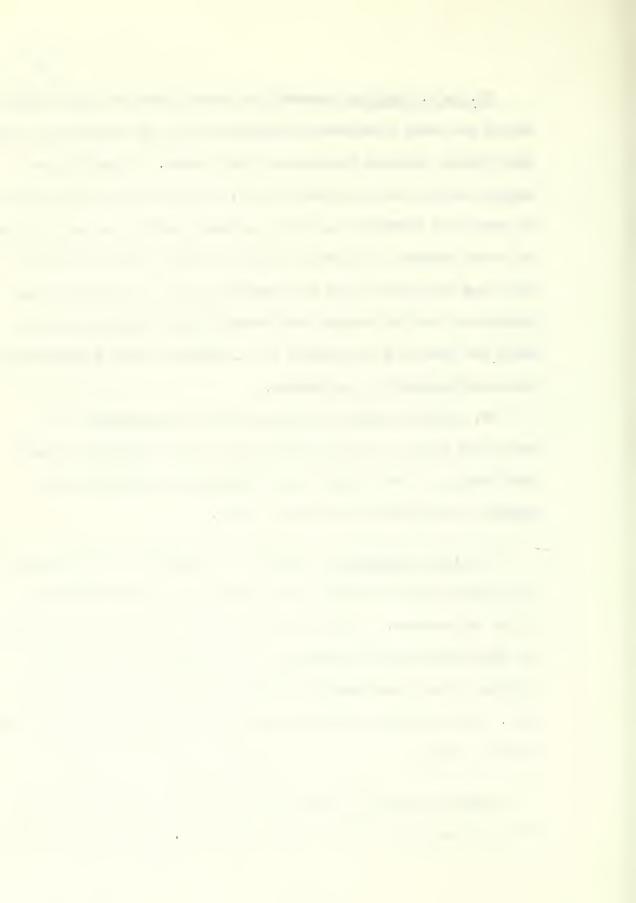


Mr. C. A. Hamilton operated his general store at Upper Geyser
Basin, and under a subleasing arrangement with the Yellowstone Park
Boat Company operated its store at Lake Outlet. In addition to
general merchandise and groceries, Mr. Hamilton carried full lines
of curios and souvenirs, and also operated gasoline and oil stations.
He is now engaged in building a fine new store at the Lake which
will take the place of the boat company's store. The new filling
stations of the Yellowstone Park Transportation Company at Upper
Basin and Lake will be operated by Mr. Eamilton under a cooperative
agreement approved by the Service.

Mr. Namilton expects to arrange for the maintenance of a store next year in the old lunch station of the Yellowstone Tark Hotel Company at the Dunb of Lake Yellowstone where the south approach road joins the belt line system.

his general stores at Mar. oth Mot Springs and at the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone. He also carried stocks of curios and souvenirs, and maintained gasoline stations. Mr. hittaker is now engaged in building a very commodious and attractive new store on his Canyon site. This building is being erected of logs and will be ready for use next season.

Mesdames Pryor and Trischmen continued the operation of their ice cream parlors and curio store at 'a oth Hot opring. They are



now engaged in remodeling the front of their establishment according to plans approved by the landscape engineer. This improvement will greatly enhance the appearance of this popular curio shop.

The Geyser Baths. The bathhouse privilege at Upper Geyser
Basin was transferred by Frances F. Brothers under approval dated
December 4, 1918, to Henry P. Brothers, who personally ran the
business in a very satisfactory manner during the summer.

Pack Outfits. Movable-camp party licenses were issued during the season in favor of the following-named parties:

Saddle and wagons or Tourists.
Pack Baggare
Ani als. trucks.

Thomas E. Newcomb, Gardiner, Mont	15				5
Charles C. Moore, Ft. Washakie, yo.	18		2		11
George T. Lopkins, Cody, Myo	35		-		15
I. H. Larom, Valley, 1yo	7				2
L. H. Joy, leton, Tyo	7		1		6
Joe A. Jones, Valley, yo	27		-		6
Howard Laton, olf, yo	79		6		66
S. N. Leek, Moran, Wo	12				6
Clarence Ryerson, Gardiner, Cont	10				2
Richard V. Dennison, Dubois, wyo	(Co	plete submitt		rt not y	et

This increase in the number of pack trains in use in the tourist business of the park, together with the fact that many of the parties who patronized this class of transportation remained for several weeks, indicates a revival of interest in trail travel which is most gratifying.



Pransportation to Cooke: Special permits are issued to parties interested in the development of the mining to m of Cooke, Montana, to use their motor trucks and service cars to haul ore and supplies to and from Gardiner, Tont., through the park, as follows:

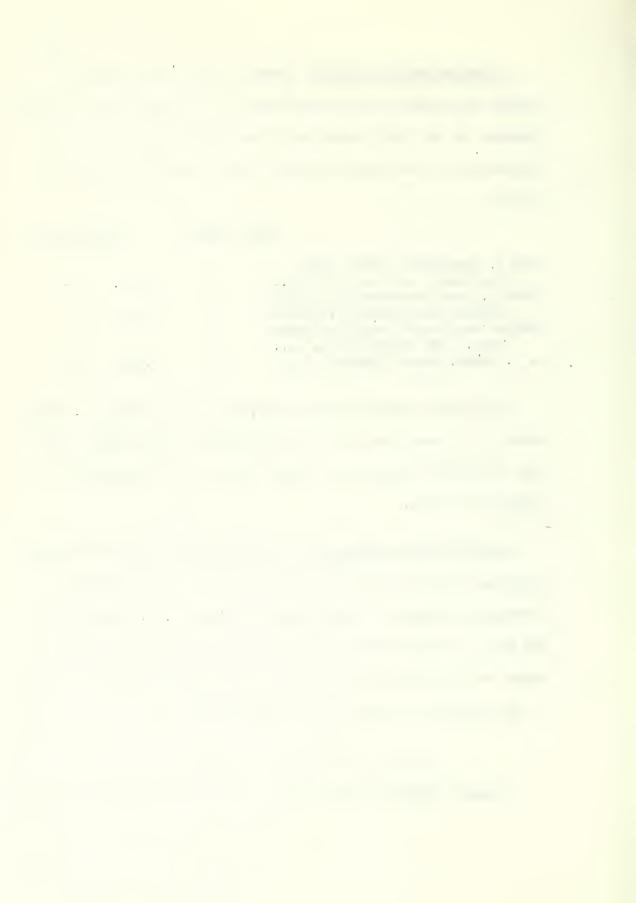
l oto	or trucks	GIV	ice cars
Nels E. Soderholm, Cooke, Mont.			
(morchant)	1		~ ~
Frank R. Lind, Cardiner, Mont. (Con-			
tractor for hauling U.S. Mail.)	1		orino reson
estern Smelting & Power Co., Cooke,			
Mont., and Seattle, Wash	1		1
R. I. McKay, Cooke, Montana	3		1

The permit dated March 28, 1917, held by Mr. obert I. McLay, covering the construction of a m tal-surfaced roal through the park connecting Cardiner and Cooke, Montane, was carcelled on November 27, 1918.

Moving Picture Companies. Representatives of moving picture companies operated in the park under special partits from the Service, as follows: Pathe Company, in June; C. L. Chester of New York, in August; Famous Players-Lasky Company of New York, August and September; International Film Service October 7 to 10, to get special pictures of tame buffalo herd.

CONVERTION AND SPECIAL POPULAR.

Montana Bankers' Association. No conventions were held in



Bankers' Association met at armoth lot oprings. Mand purters
were maintained at the 'armoth hotel, and the various sessions of
the convention were hold in the assembly hall at par' leadquarters,
formerly the post exchange of Fort Yellowstone. The lontana bankers,
after transacting the usual business of the association, devoted
much of their remaining time to a discussion of road improvement in
their State.

Mational Park Touring Association. On August 13th and 12th representatives of twelve western States met in the assembly hall at Mammoth Hot Springs for the discussion of the interperk highway plan, and for the purpose of devising ways and means of completing the selection of this highway system and marking the same. The development of travel over the park-to-park highway was also one of the topics of the convention program. At the close of the first day's session the Mational Park Fourin Association was for id and the following officers elected: Gus Bolm's of Cody, Josie, President; G. L. Ramsey of Felera, Nontana, Vice President; and L. L. Newton of Cody, Jecretary-Pressurer.

The new association proposed at once to undertake the selection of the park-to-park highway through cooperation with highway associations. Chambers of comerce, and automobile clubs, and to conduct a scouting expedition over the various routes at an early date. Furthermore, it pledged its support to the degree and to



the service in encouraging travel to and between the parks, and in securing large appropriations for park road improve ent. Likewise it declared itself in favor of concentrating that funds on interpark lighways until they are in first-class condition. The convention adjourned, to meet again at the call of the president, with the understanding that in the meantime a vice president for each western State was to be chosen.

The Governors' Conference. In August the mestern Severnors'
Conference was held in Salt Lake City, and at the conclusion thereof
the State of Utah, through its chief executive, entertained most
of the visiting governors with a tour of Yellowstone Mational rark.
The party traveled from Salt Lake City to the western gateway on
a special train of the Oregon Short Line, arriving on the morning
of August 22nd. The tour of the park was made in three days. It
Upper Ceyser Basin a trout dinner was tendered the party by I'r.
Howard H. Hays, General Manager of the Yellowstone Park Camping
Company, and several special side trips were arranged by the
Yellowstone Fark Transportation Company.

the following gover ors toured the pari:

Hon. Jimon Lamber er, Governor of Utal;

Hon. O. A. Larrazolo, Governor of lew Lexico;

Hon. J. Allen, vernor of Lamses;

Hon. John G. Townsend, Jr., Governor of Delaware;

.. on. Thomas . Bickett, Lover or of .orth Carolina;

Hon. R. A. Cooper, Gover or of South Carolina;



Hon. Thomas E. Campbell, Covernor of Arizona;

Hon. Ben. W. Olcott, Governor of Oregon;

Hon. James B. A. Robertson, Governor of Oklahoma;

Hon. Wm. C. Sproul, Governor of Penns lvania;

Hon. Oliver H. Shoup, Governor of Colorado;

Hon. Lynn J. Frazier, Governor of Morth Dakota;

Hon. Robert D. Carey, Governor of Lyoming;

Hon. Samuel R. McKelvie, Governor of Mebraskn;

Hon. Jos. M. Carey, ex-Governor of Tyoming;

Hon. Vm. Spry, ex-Governor of Utah;

Hon. Meber M. Wells, ex-Governor of Utah.

Brooklyn Ragle Dur. A large party under the leadership of the Brooklyn Lagle visited Yellowstone Mational Park July 27 to 31st, inclusive, in the course of a comprehensive tour of Morican and Canadian national parks. The party came here in two ections from Rocky Mountain Park, one section traveling in a special train and the other making the interperk trip by automobil. The entire party stopped in Cheyenne on July 25th to attend the famous Frontiers' Day Celebration. Leaving here on August 1st this party proceeded by automobile to Melena, Montana, thence by both special train and automobile it proceeded to Glacier M tional Park. Under special instructions from the Director I accompanied this party from Denver to Glacier Park.

It will be impossible to over-estimate the importance of the tour of the Brooklyn magle party, as it was the first party of eastern people to travel between a group of parks by special train and by automobile service, and likewise it was the first party to make an "international interpark" tour.



International Association of Rotary Clubs. This organization held its annual convention in Salt Lake City just prior to the opening of the park season, and on the first and second days of the season more than 800 Rotarians entered the park by the western gateway, making the complete tour.

Massachusetts Forestry Association. This association, under the leadership of its secretary, Harris A. Reynolds, and Dr. Clinton L. Babcock, visited Yellowstone National Park July 4th to 10th, inclusive.

Travel Club of America. A considerable number of members of this club toured the park July 24th to 29th, inclusive. Both the Massachusetts Forestry Association and the Travel Club of America made the Yellowstone trip as a part of a comprehensive tour of all of the big national parks of the est.

United States Chamber of Commerce Party. On August 16th a score of officials of the United States Chamber of Commerce, headed by its president, reached the northern gateway and during the next three days made a complete tour of the park.

## APPROPRIATIONS.

The sundry civil act of July 19, 1919, made available for the administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of Yellowstone National Park the sum of \$255,500, very much less



eight or ten years. Considering further the fact that labor and equipment costs were higher than ever before, this year's appropriations were very inadequate and should be more than doubled next year if the needs of the Yellowstone are to be even approximately met.

## REVENUES.

On the other hand, the rovenues of Yollowstone Park very largely increased, and at this time it appears likely that they will total \$125,000 for the current fiscal year, or nealy one-half the appropriation for the upkeep of the park. The revenue fund will certainly exceed the cost of the administration of the affairs of the park and the protection of its great area by nearly \$55,000.

The war season of 1918 produced relatively small revenues, but really more than we expected under the conditions. The following is a statement of the receipts of the part for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1919, as deposited to the credit of miscellaneous receipts of the U.S. Treasury:



Sale of satomobile and motorcycle permits	33,840.04
Collected from corporations and individuals operating stores, permanent camps, the 1/ transportation line, and picture shops,	7,784.92
Camping party licenses	100 CO 444 CO 400 CO
Sale of electric current	886.25
Sale of water	286.80
Sale of hides of carnivorous animals killed by rangers	
Miscellaneous collections	540.08
	\$43,347.09

(carefully check these figures
in Mashington.

<sup>1/</sup> Hotels not opened in 1918.



## P.H.O.D.L.

All of our men who left to engage in the world war were taken back into our permanent organization except a few who did not care to return. Other discharged soldiers who applied for work were given employment on the temporary force; in fact, at no time during the summer were men turned away, as labor was scarce and it was necessary to raise the pay of laborers to four dollars a day to keep our men from leaving.

Employees of the park purchased for Savings Starps aggregating 4898.79; Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds aggregating 414,300; Victory Loan Bonds aggregating 41,100; and subscribed to the United for fork fund 474.58. Great interest was also taken in the Red Cross work, and practically all permanent employees and their families belonged to the local branch.

## VITAL STATISTICS:

Births: A baby girl, Frances Luriel Stinnett, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Stinnett, our master medianic, on September 8, 1919.

Doaths: In love der 15, 1015, Anna 5 . Frazier, buffalo keeper in the park died at the Buffalo lar of influenza.

On April 21, 1919, Taylo Swenty, three-year-old son of Chauncey . Sweney, assistant electrician, died of scarlet fever. Two cases occurred in the family, but only one resulted fatally.



On July 18, 1919, James Baxter Hughes, of Gueydon, La., a four-year-old boy traveling with his grandparents, died at Old Faithful Inn from shock caused by burns sustained by backing into a small hot pool the day before at Thumb.

On July 29, 1919, E. M. Hach of Portland, Oregon, died at

Mammoth Hotel. He was touring the park in his private autoobile.

He was a sufferer from tuberculosis and was in a very weak condition when he arrived here. His body was embalmed and shipped to his home.

On August 15, 1919, Mr. Louis D. Boatman of Worrill, Mebraska, touring the park with his aunt and sister, while bathing in Yellowstone River, dived from the bridge across the lake outlet on the Cody road and was instantly killed by striking his head on the bottom and fracturing his skull.

In September rumors became corrent in and around the park that a man had been killed by a female bear at Old Faithful while he was endeavoring to take a tin can from the nose of one of her cub.

This report has never been corroborated, nor have we been able to trace its source, and I am of the opinion that it was pure fiction.

#### ACCID\_..TJ

Considering the unusual number of people in the park during the entire season, serious accidents were exceedingly rare and but one resulted fatally. The most serious accidents noted were as follows:

On July 8th a mall boy broke through the eyeer formation near



the Giantess Ceyser in upper Ceyser Basin and burned his feet quite seriously. This was known to be a dangerous place and danger signs were posted, but as is often the case they were not heeded. With increased travel the time seems to have come when more than sight at some places in the geyser basin are needed to keep people out of trouble, as often danger signs are not taken seriously. At this very place one lad asked if it really was dangerous or if the sign gave the name of the geyser. Another said it was not dangerous for she walked over it and did not break through.

James Baxter Mighes, four-year-old son of Mr. R. H. Hughes of Gueydon, La., who was traveling through the park with his grandparents, back d into a small hot pool at Thumb, on July 17th, and was so seriously burned that he died of the shock the following might. Undoubtedly this little boy was not being carefully watched by his guardians or the accident would not have has eneed. Since this occurrence there have been some suggestions submitted relating to the fencing of all hot springs and givers, but this should not be done for the reason that barriers of this kind would not only be unsightly but would in all likelihood not prevent unguarded children from suffering injury. Furthernore, fences would be extremely costly to install and there are hunddreds of hot springs in the park.

On July 30th one of the ten-passenger cars of the transportation company was tipped over through the fault of the driver

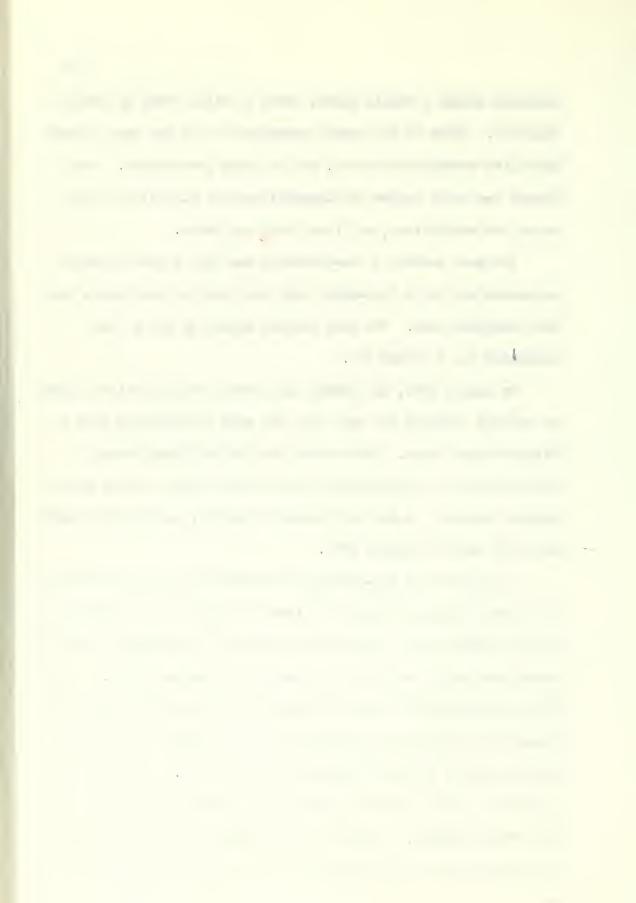


Junction. Three of the seven passengers in the car were stunned and quite severely shaken up, but no bones were broken. The driver was tried before the Commissioner for violation of park rules and regulations, and fined 100 and costs.

The same evening a ten-passenger car with a load of hotel employees out for a "joy-ride" left the road and ran into a tree and telegraph pole. The most serious injury to any of the occupants was a broken arm.

On August 16th, an elderly man touring the park with a party of friends stumbled and fell into the edge of Prismatic Lake at Midway Geyser Basin. Fortunately the lake is large enough so that the water is comparatively cool at the edges, and he was not fatally burned. He was well enough to travel, and left the park with his party on August 18th.

On August 25 a ten-passenger car belonging to the Yellowstone Park Transportation Company and carrying members of the Governors' Party collided with a Ford car traveling in the opposite direction, while rounding a curve in the upper ent of hayden Valle. A lady in the Ford car was thrown out into the road, and the left front wheel of the big car was smashed, but fortunately no one was injured beyond a few slight scratches and bruises. Among the occupants of the car were the governors of Pennsylvania, Orean, Itah, and Louth Carolina. I was in a car following closely, and after consultation with the occupants of both cars it appeared to me



of the road, and that, under all of the conditions as they were shown, a proper punishment was a reprimend to both drivers, and this was administered by both myself and, later, the U.S. Commissioner, who, upon hearing the evidence in the case, reached the same conclusion as I did.

The same day my official car was struck at Virginia Cascades by a Dodge car driven by a girl 18 years of age. The fenders of both cars were damaged, but no further injury was sustained. Both the girl who was driving, and her father who was in another car ahead, were reprimended and dismissed. The fact that three of the drivers of the four concerned in these two accidents were quite young convinced me that the regulations should provide at age limit for people permitted to drive automobiles on park roads, and this will be recommended when the subject of revision of park rules and regulations comes up later in the year.

#### MEDICAL SERVICE.

Notwithstending the fact that we have available at headquarters a large, modern hospital building thoroughly equipped with beds and bedding, kitchen and dining room furniture, office furniture, heating and sterilizing plant, surgical instruments, and medicines, it has not been practical to make provision for medical service, due to scarcity of suitable men for the work. During the past surger the hotel company has employed a doctor whose services could be had



in emergency, and a trained nurse was stationed at each hotel and camp, but for the other nine months the nearest place where medical attention can be had is at Chico hot oprings, about 40 miles away. The town of Cardiner, five miles distance, has no doctor or trained nurse.

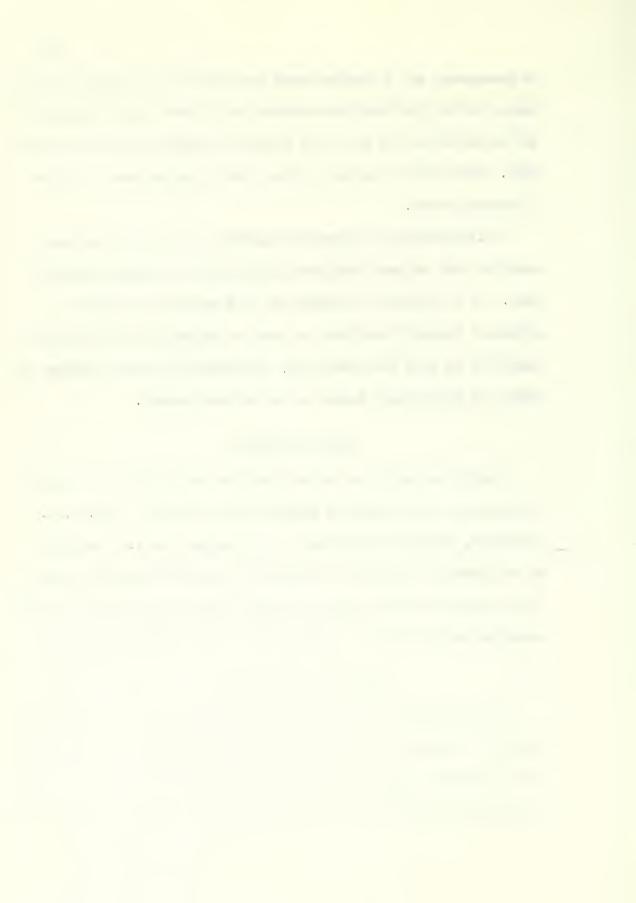
Phis situation is almost intolerable, and at the earliest possible date we must make some arrangement for medical service here. If a qualified physician can not see his way clear to establish himself here with the hope of building up a profitable practice, we must seek additional appropriations from Congress to employ an experienced doctor at an adequate salary.

# CHURCH SELVICES.

During the past year church services were held in the chapel irregularly, but whenever a minister was available. Rev. J. F. Pritchard, Episcopal missionary from Emigrant, Mont., furnished by the Bishop of Nontana by arrangement with the Bishop of Tyoning, filled the pulpit every two weeks during the surmer, and other ministers were invited to hold services when visiting the park.

## SCHOOL AT F AD UARTERS.

A private school was maintained during the past winter for the benefit of children of permanent Covernment employees and employees of the business enterprises who remain in the park the year around the expense being borne by the parents of the children. This is one



of the very few places in the United States under exclusive Federal control where no school facilities of any sort have been provided by the Government, and I feel that some steps should be taken to remedy this situation.

#### MOTION PICTURES.

Under a cooperative plan developed by the park employees, motion picture entertainments were held once a week beginning December 28, 1918, after the influenza epidemic had subsided to the extent that large ratherings were considered safe. A similar arrangement will be worked out for the coming winter, and it is expected that the citizens of the neighboring town of Gardiner will participate.

## RECOLITINDATIONS.

Travel to Yellowstone National Park is increasin with such amazing rapidity and such varied uses are being made of this great reservation by its throngs of visitors that it is very difficult to think of any desirable improvement that should not be made in the immediate future. The needs of the park are very great and certainly require the annual expenditure of considerable larger appropriations than have recently been made by Congress. The more important of the urgent needs of the park follow:

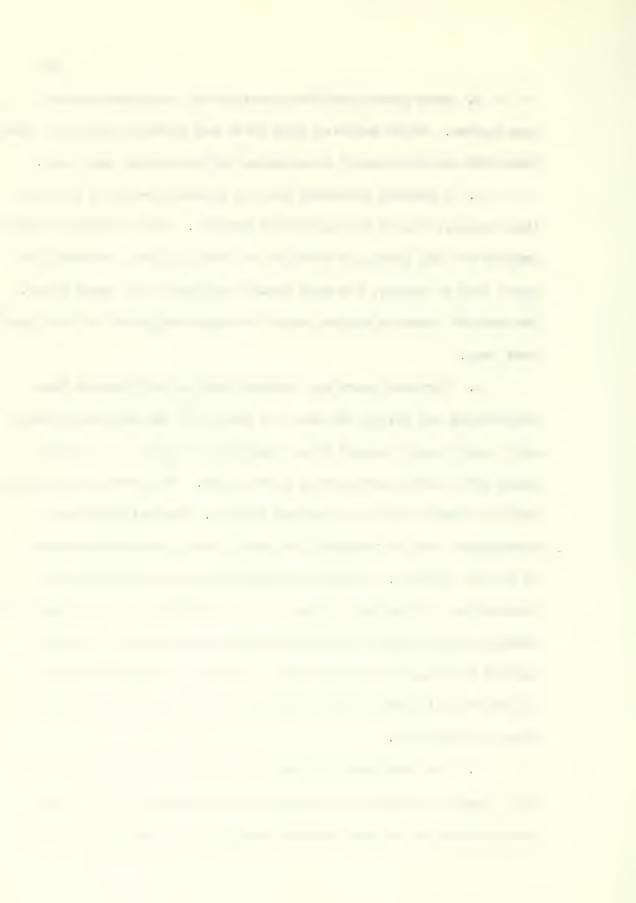
1. The Teton Mountains and the head waters of the Yellow-stone River, with much of the country between, should be added to the park. Pending legislation provides for this logical and neces-

many embanded of V 33 and and 1 3 and 1



- 2. Ore funds should be provided for the upkeep of the road system. Under existing high labor and material costs not less than \$300 per mile should be expended on this system next year.
- 3. A program providing for the gradual paving of the belt line highways should be inmediately adopted. Such a program should provide for the paving of sections of these highways according to their cost of upkeep, the most costly sections to be paved first.

  One hundred thousand dollars should be made available for this work next year.
- 4. Eighteen years ago theroad between the Thumb of Lake
  Yellowstone and Bridge Bay near the outlet of the Lake was realigned, a very scenic highway being abandoned in favor of a shorter
  route with heavy grades over a high divide. This scenic road along
  the lake shore should be restored at once. The existing road is
  exceedingly hard to maintain, is steep, dusty, and almost devoid
  of scenic features. Small cars experience great difficulty in
  negotiating its grades. It can not be sprinkled. The old road when
  restored would afford a lake drive that would be one of the most
  popular features of the park tour. It would be about five miles
  longer but this additional distance is of no importance in these
  days of motor cars.
- 5. The road that now runs so close to Lake ..otel and Lake camp should be changed to follow the lake shore from the hotel to the junction of the Cody approach road with the belt line system



at the re-called "limin: ride" over the allowather iver where it leaves Y llo uton lain. The realization is reconstructed little, but the later of the later and the Lake and wild especially be effit the traveling public utilizing the hotel and comp by removing the harmanest of many automobile traffic at might.

- the Cascades of the Tirehole should be completed. The mjor ortion of the work on this scenic road was completed by the ray
  Ingineers, but we have had no find available to undertain the
  work of finishing it. It will cost 21,00 to caplite the
  ject.
- finest eyaer as hot spring of lower leyser lesin have been practically inaccessible to storict. His is because of all wagen road is badly located and wholly enfit for a to. The travel. It should be entirely rabuilt and this prince has a described maxt year. It will contact approximately 17,00 to make the provement. The other things it will open to all visites to the part and entire a directle and the location, the location, the location of the Cons.
- by the construction of novement is religions in the forest sust of the



park and by the reconstruction and graveling of approximately

4 miles of that portion of the road between Lylvan Pass and Lake

Yellowstone. The south approach road should be improved by the

construction of a number of new bridges and culverts and by the

elimination of curves and the reduction of grades on certain

sections of this highway.

- 9. The Inspiration Point Road should be improved by considerable work of widening and the construction of guard rails and other protective measures, the establishment of adequate parking places, etcetera. This improvement should also include the construction of a walk along the rim of the Grand Canyon for the use of pedestrians. The present road is not satisfactory for motor travel and is distinctly dangerous to walking parties.
- of several large new automobile camp grounds for the use of motorists who bring their own camping outfits into the park. Next year the camps at Upper Geyser Basin, Thumb, Lake Outlet, Grand Canyon, Tower Falls, and Norris Geyser Basin should be improved by the extension of the water system, and much attention should be given to the samitation of these camps. This free automobile camp system should be progressively extended and improved year by year, and as soon as possible not less than 30 major camps should be made available.
  - 11. Many of the ranger stations of the park are in a



dilapidated condition and should be rebuilt. The greatest need is for new stations at Upper Basin, Lake Outlet, and the Grand Canyon. Phey should be built next year and should be large enough to accommodate several park rangers, a divisional highway engineer, and a large information office in which maps, national park circulars of information, and other data useful to the public may be made accessible to tourists. Several snowshow cabins used by the park rangers in winter should be rebuilt.

- 12. Attractive gateway structures should be erected at the Cody or eastern entrance and at the Yellowstone or western entrance to the park. Plans for the Cody entrance have already been approved but funds have not been available for the construction of this gateway. Both of these entrances are as important as the northern gateway, which already has a very imposing and interesting arch.
- Hotel Company each maintains a telephone line, and the hotel company maintains a telegraph line. None of these lines is in satisfactory condition. They should all be consolidated and maintained by the National Park ervice as in the case of Yosemite Park. This would make it possible from the financial standpoint for the Government to build and maintain a first-class telephone and telegraph service for the public as well as for the park administration and the business interests of the Yellowstone.



- 14. More funds should be provided for the seeding, cultivation, and draining of hay lands, in order that larger supplies of hay for buffalo and other animals may be available hereafter.
- Service now maintains the approach roads to Yellowstone Park
  through the forest reserves east and south of the park. Inormous
  tourist traffic on the north approach road from Livingston to
  Gardiner is now placing a tremendous burden of road maintenance
  on the county treasury, which, in view of the large size of the
  county and the small amount of taxable property therein, is a
  particularly hard burden to bear. It would seem that the Federal
  Government should bear the cost of up-keep of at least half of
  this approach road, and I recomend that this proposition be
  given the earnest consideration of the Service and of the department with a view to bringing it to the attention of Congress.
- cooperation of the Forest Service, are rebuilding the highest through the gorgeous canyon of the Gallatin River north of the park, and within two years will be ve this work completed. Before this new road is finished we should rebuild our section of the Gallatin Highway and should continue it through to the west approach road. This would seem the construction of from 10 to



12 miles of new road from Grayling Creek to the Ladison River.

- 17. The trail system should be largely extended, and it is particularly important that a new trail be built next year from Trapper Creek, south of Lake Yellowstone, around the arms of the lake and over Chicken Ridge to heart Lake. Like-wise, a new trail should be built up countain Creek to Lagle Pass. In order that saddle-horse parties may not have to traverse the much-used motor roads, new trails should be built on the east side of Lewis River from the south entrance to Lewis Lake and from Turbid Lake to the east boundary by way of Jones Pass.
- 18. Last, but more important than most of the projects
  I have mentioned, is the need for taking every possible step for
  the conservation and protection of the wild animals of the park,
  and especially the elk herds, which are in constant danger of
  destruction during the winter menths through lack of feed while
  outside of the boundaries of the park.



DEPART NT OF THE INTERIOR
NATION'L PARK SERVIC.
Yellowstone national park.
Yellowstone park, yo.

Superintendent

November 1, 1919.

To the Editor:

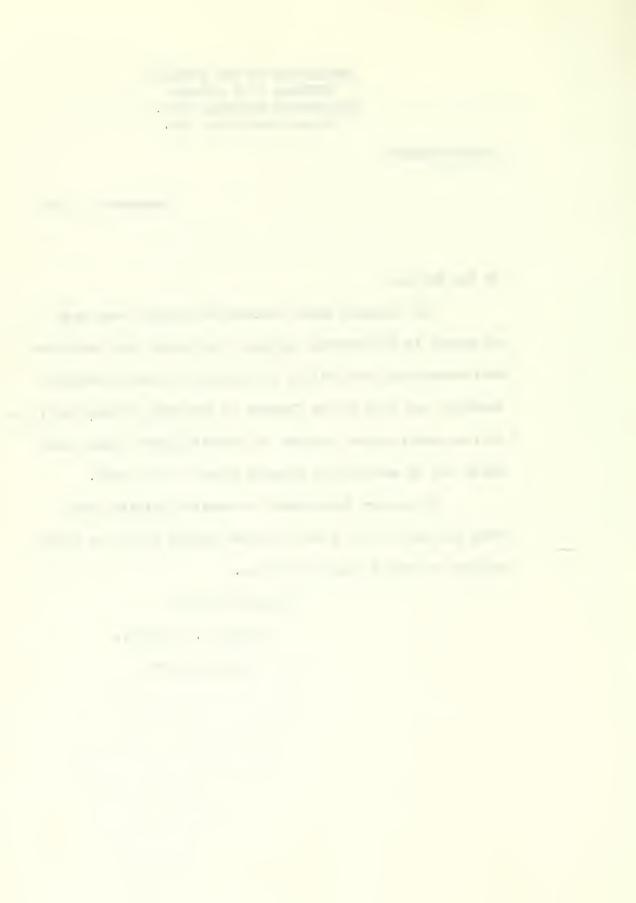
The attached press memorandum contains much data on travel in Yellowstone National Park which will doubtless be interesting, not only to the readers of your automobile section, but also to the Chamber of Commerce of your city, and to the organizations engaged in promoting good roads movements and in encouraging tourist travel to the lest.

If you are interested in receiving similar data from the park in the future, please advise us and we shall be glad to keep in touch with you.

Cordially yours,

Horace M. Albright,

Superintendent.



# DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK MERVICE YELLO 570 UNIONAL PARK.

Yellowstone Park, wording, Movember 1, 1919.

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESS:

During the tourist season of Yellowstone ational Far, which closed early in October, all travel records of the great park were broken. The aggregate number of persons visiting the park during the year ended October 12, 1919, 2as 62,261, an increase of 10,366 over the former record year of 1915, when 51,895 people entered the gates of the Yellowstone. It must be remembered, however, that 1915 was the "Exposition Year", and a large part of the visitors of that year can to the park on side trips en route either to or from Jan Francisco. The average annual travel for the past ten years, inclusive of 1915 travel, was approximately 29,000, and exclusive of the "Exposition Year" visitors averaged about 26,000.

On August 5, 1919, 1,255 tourists entered the mark, the greatest number entering in any one day in the history of the Yellowstone.

#### JUFONOBILL PRAVIL.

Even more striking than these figures slowing the total travel in the park this year are the statistics of the loter travel -- that is, the number of privately owned automobiles driven through the park, and the number of tourist carried by them. A total of 10,737 cars entered the park during the year, carrying 39,886 people. These cars came from 46 states of the Union, the District of Columbia, Canada, the Canal Lone, and Denmark. North Carolina and South Carolina sent ne private motorists through the park this year, but in August Governor Thomas. Bickett of North Carolina and Governor R. A. Cooper of South Carolina toured the Yellowstone with fifteen other governors. These two States were also represented by a large number of people who came to the park by train.

The greatest number of private automo iles entering the park in one day was 202 on unist 4, 1919. This broke all previous records.

The total of 10,737 cars, carrying 39,886 people,



should be compared with the previous record travel by private motorists in 1917, when 5,703 cars, carrying 22,117 visitors registered at the park gates. The private automobile travel for 1919 was nearly double that of two years ago.

#### MOTORISTS CUP OUT.

Of the 39,886 people who toured the Yellowstone in their own cars this year, approximately 60 percent, or nearly 25,000, brought with them their own camp equipent, and in lost cases used and appreciated the special camp grounds where wood, water, toilet facilities, and, at Yammoth Not Springs, electric lights, were furnished without charge.

At times during the sommer these camp grounds were overcrowded, and before the opening of next season they will be expanded and new areas opened for this use. Likewise more wood will be provided, and a considerable sum will be expended in improving the water and sanitation facilities, provided the necessary funds are made available for the purpose. The popularity of these camps fully warrants their development on a large scale.

#### TRAVEL BY RAIL.

Of the 21,275 tourists who came to the park by rail, and utilized the facilities of the ellowstone park Frans ortation Company, 18,679 made the com leto tour of the park roas. In addition, 2,596 made short trips.

As a rule tourists visiting the park by rail remained nearly five days, while the private motorists spent an average of six days. During the months of July and August there were between five and six thousand people in the park every day, most of their camping out and enjoying the beauties a d wonders of their mountain playground in their own way.

Several thousand people spent a considerable period of time in the park this year. This tendenc to regard Yello stone National Park as a great scenic area and vacation land where we keen and months can be spent in healthful recreation is very gratifying to the National Park Service, which is tring very hard to retain the public away from the idea that this bit park is little more than a land of extraordinary netural phenomena; it is one of the most beautiful scenic regions of the world, and when the graif-cient Peton countains are added to the park it ill not be surpass by any other mountain region on the face of the larth.

The following tables sho some very interesting analyses of the season's trivel, and also so e or pri on it toui fi uof previous years:



### Fravel by different entrances: From the north, via Gardiner, Nont. ---- 22,786 rom the west, via Yellowstone, lont. ---- 23,558 From the east, via Cody, yo. ----- 13,455 From the south, via loran, yo. ---- 2,462 fotal ---- 62,261 Making trips with private transportation: With automobiles paid and complimentary ---- 37,724 With automobiles, second trip ----- 2,162 39,886 With motorcycles -----56 With licensed saddle and pack trains -----129 With miscellaneous facilities, including out-of-season visitors to the park ----915 1,100 Yellowstone Park Transportation Company: Entering via the northern entrance ----- 9.353 Entering via the western entrance ---- 8.807 Entering via the eastern entrance ----- ...025 21,275 Grand total 82,261 Private automobile travel: Automobiles-rouri to Entering via the northern entrance -----3,478 : 12,621 Entering via the western entrance -----3,783 : 14,520 Entering via the eastern entrance -----2,853 : 10,330 Entering via the southern entrance -----623 2,415 10,737 : 39,886 Motorcycle travel: Motorcycles: Tourists. 31 20 Entering via the northern entrance -----Intering via the western entrance -----9 14 Entering via the eastern entrance -----11

36

56

Totals -----



The following tables are given for the purpose of comparing the travel of this season with the number of visitors entering the park in 1918, the war season; 1917, the season of average travel since the admission of automobiles to the park; and 1915, the Panama-Pacific Exposition season. These tables give in the first column the number of automobiles and in the case of the 1918 and 1919 statistics the number of motorcycles entering the park; in the second column the number of visitors to the park is shown by reference to entrances, those entering via Soda Butte Ranger Station or the northeast gateway being listed with the eastern entrance visitors; the next column shows the number of visitors reaching the north, west, and east entrances by rail; and the last column gives the total number of visitors by entrances.

1919

Entrance	Private Frans Automobiles (1)	•	: By : Rail	: Fotal : Vistors
North	3,498	: 13,433	: 9,353	22,786
West	3,792	14,661	8,897	23,558
East	2,860	10,430	: 3,025	13,455
South	623	2,462	0	2,462
TOTALS	10.773	40.986	:21,275	62,261

1918

Entrance		Private Frant Automobiles (2)	-	•	By Rail	:	Fotal Vistors.
North	:	1,528	6,027	•	1,537		7,564
West	:	1,943	7,566	•	1,136		8,702
East	•	1,128	4,114	(3):	353	0 0	4,467
South	•	135	542	•			542
	:-		•	0			
TOTALS:	:	4,734	: 18,249	:	3,026		21,27

- (1) Includes 36 motorcycl s carr in 36 people.
- (2) Includes 16 motore cles carryi 20 lasser ers.
- (3) Includes 66 people enterior via the northeastern ntewn .



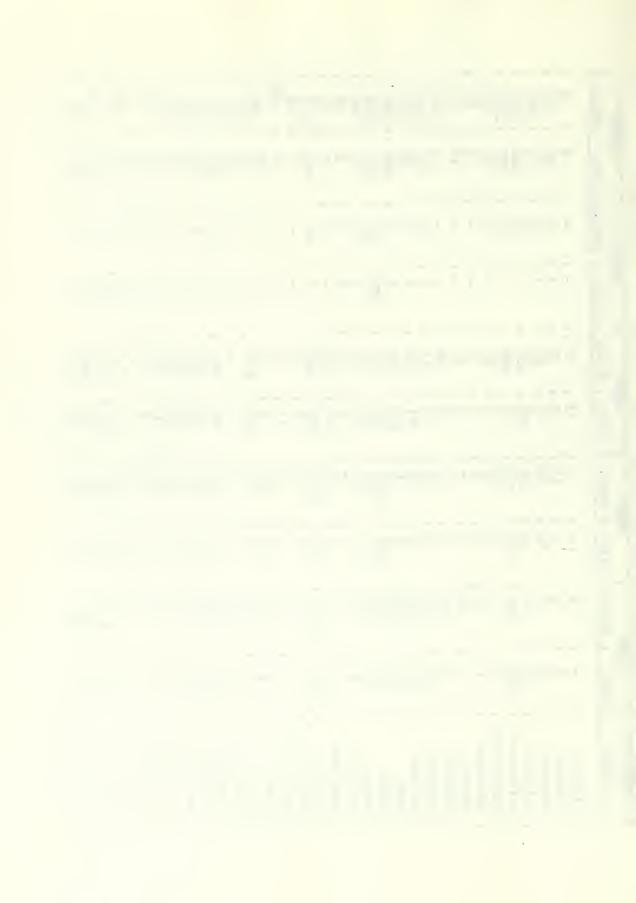
Entrance :	rivate Automobiles	Pransportation: Vistors.	By Rail	Potal Vistors,
North	1,994	7,645	5,774:	13,419
West :	2,258	9,055	5,635	14,690
East :	1,353	5,061	1,874:	6,935
South :	98	356		356
TOTALS:	5,703	: 22,117	13,283	35,400

Entrance	•	Private Automobiles		ransportation Vistors.	By Rail	Potal Vistors.
North		365		3,094	14,369	17,463
West	:	392		2,795	29,756	32,551
East	:	193	:	1,198	352	1,550
bouth	:	8	•	331		331
TOTALS:		958	:	7,418	44,477	51,895

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes 104 people entering via the northeastern gateway.



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LH	Pass	1	N	67	67	27	1	1	1	1	18	1	8	959	8	0	1	83	9	N	1	17	1	13	1	7	1	5	S	9	1,7	0
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	**	948	90	0-0	••	**	0-0	0-0	040	0-0	0.0	010	0-0	010	00	0-0	0-0	949	00	-	90	00		00	00	00	00	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0-0
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EAST		00	90	00	90	00	00	00	0-0	00	0-0	0-0	010	010	04	00	8-6	0-0	0-0	9-0	0-0	0-0	80	0-0	0-0	00	00	00	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0
6	Cars	4	19	0	258	5	9	-	3	S	77	31	160	13	176	2	10	289		11	H	2	1	8	32	36	11	7	7	1	263	8
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H	Pass.	1	10	58	189	757	12	N	7	77	38	33	57	1,205	152	1	77	3021	7	15	36	10	8	101	18	30	7	13	N	52	126	26
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Chase			111		94		32
Cole			12		30		13
Columbia			3		-		10
Columbia-Knight			_				2
Crane-Simplex					-		-
Crawford			_		-		_
Crow	_		_		_		1
Crow-Elkhart			2		2		-
Cunningham			-		-		-
Cycle-Car			2		-		_
Davis			1		-		-
Detroiter			-		2		2
Dilop	_		_		-		-
Dixie	_		1		1		-
Dodge	. 974		395		389		188
Dorris			1		-		1
Dort			7		17		8
Drummond			-		2		-
Elaine	_		-		-		-
Elcar	. 5		2		-		-
Elgin			7		3		-
Elkhart			-		-		1
lly	-		_		1		-
B.M.F.			3		2		5
Empire			2		1		3
Essex			-		-		-



MAKE	1919	: 1918	: 1917 :	1014
Fiat	5	· Taro	. 1917	1916
Ford		1 440	7 804	0.47
Franklin	158	1,449 78	1,684	947
Fremont	1	78	81	58
Garford	1	-	-	-
Gillette	1	-	-	-
Glide	5	-	3	-
G. M. CO.		1	_	-
	-	_	-	3.0
Grant	22	22	25	12
Great Smith	1	-	_	-
H. A. L.	2	2	4	460
Harroun	3	-	-	-
Haynes	48	36	50	48
Hays	-	-	1	-
Hollier	6	1	2	1
Holmes	2	-	-	-
"Home made"	-	1	-	
Houk	_	-	1	-
Howard	-	-	-	2
Hudson	312	148	187	100
Rupmobile	161	82	91	58
Imperial	-	-	-	1
International	3	_	-	2
Interstate	6	1	1	3
Jackson	3	3	5	3
Jeffery	25	15	31	12
Jing	_	1	_	-
Jones	1	-	1	1
Jordan	13	_	1	2 55
King	10	0	8	13
Kissel Kar	32	12	15	9
Laucia	-	-	1	-
Lewis	-	1	-	-
Lexington	15	10	9	-
Liberty	13	4	7	-
Locomobile	12	5	5	10
Lovell	-	-	1	-
Lovore	-	_	1	-
Lozier	10	1	7	7
Luverne	-	-	-	1
McFarlan	2	-	_	1
McLaughlin	15	4	5	-
Marion-Mandley	2	2	2	-
Marmon	51	22	20	3
lason	-	-	-	1
l'axwell	172	80	122	78
Mercedes	-	-	-	3
Mercer	7	7	6	1
lietz	1	1	5	G
Tichigan	3	-	1	1
l'ichelin	1	con	-	-
Minorva	-	-	1	-
litchell	79	45	49	242

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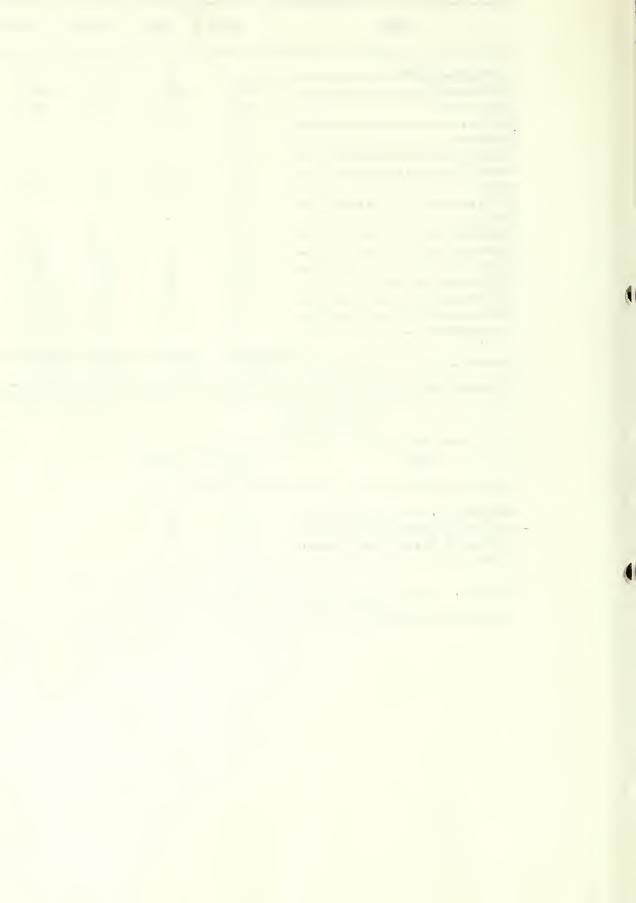
11.43073	2020	:		:
LAKE:	1919	: 1918	: 1917	: 1916
		1	1	•
Molene Vedeb		-		
Molene-Knight	2.	-	2	1
longreh	1	-	-	_
Lionroe		~	40	4
Moon	3	4	-	3
l'ash	120	14	-	-
National	39	21	20	13
Nelson	1	-	-	_
New Era	1	-	1	-
Nichols	2	-	-	-
Mickel	1	1	_	-
Oakland	173	87	111	60
Oldsmobile	213	127	96	52
Olympic	1	3	~	-
Overland	446	243	345	230
Owen-Magnetic	1	1	040	200
	_	_	=	51
Packard	113	49	55	
Paige	117	04	28	14
Pathfinder	-	1	4	4
Patterson	4	1	3	-
Penham	1	•	-	-
Peerloss	30	7	13	G
Pierce-Arrow	52	13	27	40
Pilot	5	3	2	1
Pope	-	1	_	1
Pope-Hartford	-	2	1	-
Premier	26	13	10	1,7
Pratt	1			-
Pullian	3	1	·2	
	2	7	1	.)
Rambler	7	7	2	1
Regal	-	3.40	-	-
Reo	255	149	192	131
Republic	*25	-	1	-
Richmond	_	-	1	-
Roamer	3		_	-
Roll-Reyce	-	1	-	_
Ress	-	***	1	_
Russell	-	-	-	1
Saxon	37	31	51	22
Scrip_s-Booth	12	0.00	**	1
Sears	1	-	_	-
Seneca	-	***	60	-
Si plex	-	_	2	1
-		9	-	40
opecial	_	-	1	1
Speedvell	4	_	2	_
Starley teamer	Ex.	6	6,	_
Standard			2	-
Stearns-Knight	20	-	J	U
Ltearns	600	1	-	
Stevens	22	4	3	-
Stevens-Duryea	5	_	3	19
Dodons-Daryes	J	_		10



				:
MAKE	: 1919	: 1918	: 1917	: 1910
		:	:	:
Stoddard-Dayton		1	2	3
Studebaker	473	220	290	225
tritz	3.5	8	10	137
oun		400	7	-
Pemple	2	-		-
Thomas ,	1	3	mp	1
Varader	1	mp		emb.
Velia	76	7	32	23
im	1	1.	-	400
Jinnio	1	100		***
'astcott	3	1	2	-
mite	15	9	3	13
inton	34	8	15	19
illys-Knight	129	50	40	17
Willys	~=	8	-	***
Yale		1		***
Indetermined		2	e la	***
lotals	10,129	4,633	5,331	3,340

## MOIORCYCLES.

NATE	: 1919	: 1918
	:	:
excelsior	G	4
harley-Davidson	23	12
henderson	1	
Indian	6	-
lotals	53	13







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